The Centre Reporter.

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE COMING OHIO CAMPAIGN.

The Republicans Will not Have a Walk-Over in that State.—The Clique in Navy Department at Work.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The Republican claim of a walk-over in Ohio, this fall, has been a hollow pretense from the first, and it has grown hollower every day since the Democrats nominated Hon. John R. McLean for Governor. It will not be denied that Mr. McKinley knows Ohio politics thoroughly. It is significant, therefore, that the first thing he did, after his return to Washington, was to hold a conference with several Ohio Republicans, and that one of the results of that conference was a cablegram to Boss Hanna, telling him to hurry home from Europe, in order to take charge of the campaign of his ticket. Mr. McKinley regards Mr. McLean as a strong and dangerous candidate and he knows that if Ohio goes Democratic this year, it will give such a boom to the already rapidly brightening Democratic prospects, that the election of a Democratic President will become well-nigh a certainty. He is determined to prevent this if he can possibly do so, and in addition to Hanna's methods, which will be worked to the limit, the whole power of the administration will be used to help Hanna's ticket.

Although Mr. McKinley only remained in Washington, from Saturday afternoon until today, when he went to Philadelphia to attend the G. A. R. encampment, where he hopes to put in some good political licks and incidentally to prevent a fight being made upon the present management of the Pension Bureau by the old soldiers, he found time to see some of the capitalists who, for purely selfish reasons, are trying to get the government to mix itself up in the revolution in Santo Domingo, by declaring a protectorate over the most turbulent and belligerent mob of "niggers" ever known to exist in any portion of the world. With all his anxiety to please these capitalists, it is not believed that Mr. McKinley will dare to do what they wish him to do. He has troubles enough now, without hunting for new ones.

The Sampson clique in the Navy Department, which has been able to keep Sampson in command of the North Atlantic Squadron, when other officers were entitled to that honor, will have him ordered to shore duty, after the Dewey reception, in New York, and it will also endeavor to prevent the arrival of Admiral Howison, who is Sampson's senior officer, in New York, whither he is bound from the South Atlantic, on the cruiser Chicago, in time to participate in the Dewey ceremonies. Not satisfied with having done so much for Sampson the clique is still working to prevent Schley getting an important command although he is clearly entitled to the sea duty he asked for several months ago. There are three men eligible to succeed Sampson as commander of the North Atlantic Squadron—Schley, Remey, and Farquhar—but if the efforts of the clique are successful, as now seems likely, Schley's name may be considered out of it.

Gen. Fitz Lee gave the War Department a little more than it expected when it asked him and the other Department Commanders in Cuba, to make reports on condition of affairs under their jurisdiction, by adding the following recommendations to his report: "That a census of the island be taken as soon as possible; that the question of suffrage be carefully considered and a decision reached regulating the same; that a modern system of jurisprudence be introduced, so that elective officers can be voted for; that a general election be ordered for a President or a Chief Magistrate, a Vice President and a Congress or legislature to consist of two branches, and all other officers of a republic, as well as municipal elections; all of which can be determined, regulated, and prescribed by a convention composed of delegates in proper proportion from the different provinces, which shall meet as soon after the census is taken as possible. In this way the pledged faith of the U. S. Government to Cuba can be kept." Orders were given in the War Department to suppress this report, but somehow it got out.

In view of his close personal relations with Mr. McKinley, the statement in a report made to the War Department, by Gen. Leonard Wood, that the Military Control of Cuba will have to continue for a long time, is regarded as significant. That sort of opinion from our officers will be made to justify an indefinite military occupation of the island, notwithstanding present talk of municipal elections over there, in the spring, if the people of this country do not compel different action on the part of the administration.

The administration is crowing loudly because the August financial statement shows a surplus of a little more than four million dollars, but it is not calling anybody's attention to the fact that more than three millions of that surplus came from the sale of the old custom-house site in New York City; nor to the comparative smallness of some of the regular government payments for that month. There is nothing in the present state of government finances to do any crowing over. There is bound to be another big deficit at the close of this fiscal year, just as there was at the close of the last. A small surplus in several month of the year will not affect the general result, and nobody knows that any better than Secretary Gage.

National Export Exposition, Philad.

The National Export Exposition, which opens at Philadelphia on Sept 14 and continues until November 30, will be the most interesting and important event occurring in Philadelphia since the Centennial Exhibition of 1876. In addition to its valuable commercial exhibits it will present many features of popular interest and amusement. The United States Marine Band, Sousa's Band, the Banda Rossa, Innes' Band, Damrosch's Orchestra, and other celebrated bands will furnish music alternately, and a Midway Plaisance, equal if not superior to the famous World's Fair Midway at Chicago, and comprising a Chinese Village, a Chinese Theatre, acrobats, and customs; an Oriental Village, London Ghost Show, Hagenbeck's Wild Animal Show, Blarney Castle, and many other unique presentations, will furnish abundant and diversified amusement. Arrangements have also been made for mandolin, guitar, and banjo concerts, and for a grand chorus from the German Singing Societies.

For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its line, to Philadelphia and return, at rate of a fare and a third for the round trip plus price of admission. These tickets will be sold during the continuance of the Exposition and will be good for return passage until Nov. 30.

For specific rates and additional information apply to nearest ticket Agent. aug31-2t

Destruction by Storm.

Bald Eagle valley and Nittany valley suffered severely from a heavy thunder storm which struck them last Saturday evening. At Howard the barn of Michael Confer was struck by lightning and destroyed by fire together with contents of all this year's crops and a horse and a pig. Confer's loss is about $3000, on which he had an insurance of $2500. A bolt of lightning struck the barn of Robert Cook at Howard, and killed two cows. A cow was killed by lightning in the stable De Hass, at same place. The rainfall was the heaviest this season in the vicinity of Howard. In Nittany valley the oldest residents say they never witnessed such a display of electricity. It played around cook stoves and seemed to fairly fill the houses with flames. One man stated that it appeared as if the lightning came down in showers almost as heavy as rain.

Hunting for an Earring.

The wife of a Centre county farmer dropped an earring while feeding her chickens last week, and the jewel was quickly gobbled up by one of the fowls. Unable to pick out the particular chicken, she killed them all, one by one—thenty-seven in number—but failed to recover the earring. Then she began to look around, and found it in the grass where the old hen had dropped it.

Received a Call.

Current rumor has it that Rev. S. H. Eisenberg, pastor of the Centre Hall Reformed charge, has received a call from the Reformed congregation at Millersburg, Dauphin county. Whether Mr. Eisenberg has accepted the call and will leave Centre Hall for the new field, we have been unable to learn.

His Store a Mark.

Burglars paid a visit to the hardware establishment of W. C. Owens, in Philipsburg, on Wednesday night last, blowing open the safe, from which they secured less than $10. This is the fifth time this store has been burglarized, but the first time the safe was tampered with.

Spread of Diphtheria.

Yesterday four new cases of diphtheria were reported in Millheim, and the disease is on the spread. The board of health quarantined three families and is trying to confine the disease within these limits. The school board of the town held a meeting last night to discuss closing the public schools, but concluded that such a move was not yet necessary.

SHOULD NOT BE HELD.

Sheriff's Liability for Burning of the Ettlinger House.—Judge Love's Decision.

A decision was handed down Saturday by Judge Love, involving the question as to whether a Sheriff, in making or attempting to make an arrest, may take or destroy private property of innocent third parties and avoid liability therefor.

In this case an action of trespass was brought by Goodman, the owner of the house, against the Sheriff and his deputies to recover for the loss of the dwelling, which was destroyed by the Sheriff and his deputies in an attempt to arrest W. R. Ettlinger, who was charged with having killed Constable Barner on March 6, 1896. Ettlinger, who was in the house with his wife and two children, kept the Sheriff and deputies at bay with a rifle. After consultation by the Sheriff with his counsel, J. C. Meyer, Esq., it was determined that the only way to rout the occupants of the house and secure the arrest of Ettlinger, was to burn the building. A special deputy was sworn in to fire the building, the Sheriff procured combustible material, and the building was fired and practically destroyed. The inmates were driven out by the flames, and Ettlinger shot and killed himself.

The Court came to the conclusion that the Sheriff had no right to destroy the property.

The burning was generally acquiesced in by the public.

School Directors and Jobs.

A legal opinion that applies to every school district in Pennsylvania has been rendered by Judge Furst, counsel for the Milesburg, School Board.

Owing to the persistence with which a member of the Milesburg board supported one of his family for the position of teacher there has been a deadlock in that School Board for about two months. Finally an appeal was made by one of the directors to Judge Furst, who said, among other things, that directors are not elected by the citizens for the purpose of giving any official an advantage over any one else. In other words, it is a violation of the official relation of a School Director to use the office for the purpose of personal, political or family interests. There is an act of Assembly which forbids a director from being interested in any contract with the School Board and makes it a highly penal offense. The State Superintendent has decided that family, political or church influence should never be permitted to swerve a director from his line of duty in the selection of teachers, yet these have often been the bane in the exercise of the office.

More particularly speaking of the case at issue in Milesburg, Judge Furst stated that no directors should create a deadlock in a School Board by a continued effort to elect a member of his own family. It is proper that he present a child's name as a teacher, but when the sentiment of the board is adverse to the selection of such person it is the duty of the director to withdraw the support to one of his own. Otherwise he is clearly using his official position to advance private interests.

The opinion of Judge Furst holds good as to members of other boards, supervisors, councilmen, &c., striving to get employment for members of their families.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week:

Samuel S. Yearick and Mary M. Brumgart, both of Madisonburg.

Wm. O. Ripka and Ida M. Lingle, both of Spring Mills.

Wm. H. Reed and Meda Bradley, both of Bellefonte.

Walter E. Brandt of Mt. Joy, Lancaster Co. and Marie Beck, of Nittany.

Andro Drapp, and Barbara Lorincy, both of Clarence.

William Taylor Hunt, Anna Mabel Woodring, both of Bellefonte.

David M. Tate, and Etta C. Hamer, both of Lemont.

Jacob Basthold, of Sandy Ridge and Florence Lucas, of Julian Furnace

K. G. E. Convention.

Two thousand members were present at the fifth annual convention of the Susquehana district session, Knights of the Golden Eagle, at Hecla Park, Monday. The officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Chief commander, Chartian Hass; lieutenant commander, Henry Haag; district captain, George Beodaff, all of Williamsport. Addresses were made by Present Supreme Chief, C. B. Wood, of Philadelphia, Hon. James Schofield and W. Harrison Walker, of Bellefonte.

Fair at Lewistown.

The Mifflin county fair is in progress this week at Lewistown, and large crowds are in attendance. The association is only two or three years old, yet it is a very successful one, and is gradually forcing to the front.

THE PATRONS PICNIC.

PRESENT PORTEND FOR A GREAT SUCCESS.

The Big Grange Exhibition Soon to Open at Centre Hall.—The Program for the Week.—Interesting Attractions.

The Patrons picnic and exhibition at Grange Park, Centre Hall, is the next attraction for this part of the state, commencing on Friday, September 15 and closing on Friday, September 22nd. The event is one of importance in these parts and it is a week eagerly looked forward to. This year's exhibition gives promise of exceeding that of any before in attractions and exhibits. The management has already begun work on the Park grounds in making some changes in moving buildings, and laying out the grounds. Exercises will be held daily in the auditorium, at which speakers prominent in public life will discuss the issues of the day. Among those who will be present is Hon. Wm. Creasy, the Democratic nominee for State Treasurer. Several attractions in the line of shows and villages are booked to please those who wish an entertainment other than hearing the weightier topics of the day discussed.

For evening entertainment, the Philadelphia Theatrical Troupe, by the kindness of Thornton Barnes, will give free entertainments every evening in the auditorium, commencing Monday evening.

The committee on arrangements has completed the program. The program provides for the informal opening of the camp on Friday, September 15. Saturday will be the annual gathering of the Centre County Veteran club, of which Judge James A. Beaver is president. Sunday religious services will be held morning and afternoon by members of the Bellefonte Young Men's Christian Association, and in the evening there will be preaching by Rev. Rhoads, of the United Evangelical church. Monday will be given over to the completing of arrangements of the camp for the week, and the opening up of the live stock exhibition departments. On Tuesday the formal opening exercises of the encampment will occur, when addresses will be made by the officers and members of the Centre County Pomona Grange. Wednesday morning addresses will be made by W. F. Hill, Master of the State Grange, and J. T. Allman, secretary. In the afternoon W. T. Creasy, will make the only address. An entertainment in the auditorium will be the order for the evening. Thursday morning addresses will be made by W. B. Packard, lecturer of the State Grange; Hon. Frank Moore, of Bradford, and Mrs. Helen Johnson, of Erie, the Ceres of the State Grange. In the afternoon the speakers will be Hon. Mortimer Whitehead, of New Jersey, and Miss Emma Brewer, of York. The evening will be given over to a stereopticon entertainment. The camp will close on Friday with the usual business meeting of the association.

Cattle Thieves Arrested.

John and George Frye, of Snow Shoe township, have been arrested, charged with stealing cattle, which they drove out of the county and sold at a low price to butchers. During the summer months farmers who had their stock herded in the Allegheny mountains were perplexed over the apparently mysterious disappearance of many of the best of them. As a result of detective work the Frye brothers were arrested at North Bend, where it is said they had just disposed of a number of young cattle, and the purchasers testified that they had negotiated to furnish them from ten to fifteen head per month. The men are now under bail for trial. It is believed that they are only part of a large gang of cattle thieves.

A Shirt Factory.

Millheim is at present on the point of having an industrial boom in the shape of a shirt factory enterprise. The town has a desirable location in the old knitting factory building, and some of the enterprising citizens having the good of the town at heart, want to utilize this long-empty building for the plant. The factory will give employment to a great many hands, and the move should receive the proper encouragement from the citizens of that town.

Anti-fat Suggestion.

A penny in the slot sent the arrow to 215 as the weight of Ed. Chambers, and, alarming to tell, he is adding to it every day. The only anti-fat we could recommend for this distinguished Quay leader to reduce his avoirdupois, would be to resign his sinecure, invest in dynamite, and take a contract to rid a hundred acre clearing of stumps.

ANNUAL PICNIC.

Patrons of Husbandry, at Grange Park, Centre Hall, Pa. Reduced Rates and Special Trains via the P. R. R.

For the Annual Picnic and Exhibition, to be held at Grange Park, Centre Hall, Pa., September 15 to 22, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from Renovo, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations, including stations on the Lewisburg and Tyrone Branch, Shamokin Division, and Summit Branch, to Centre Hall and return, September 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, valid for return passage until September 23, inclusive at rate of single fare for the round trip (minimum rate, twenty-five cents.)

On Saturday, September 16, special train will be run to Centre Hall, leaving Bellefonte at 10.10 a. m., stopping at principal intermediate stations. Returning, special train will leave Centre Hall for Bellefonte 7.00 p. m.

On Saturday 16, special train returning will leave Centre Hall for Coburn and intermediate stations at 5.30 p. m.

On Wednesday and Thursday, September 20 and 21, special trains will be run to Centre Hall, leaving Bellefonte at 7.20 and 10.10 a. m., and 7.25 p. m., stopping at principal intermediate stations. Returning, special trains will leave Centre Hall for Bellefonte at 3.30 6.30, and 9.45 p. m.

On Wednesday, September 20, special train returning will leave Centre Hall for Coburn and intermediate stations at 8.20 p. m.

On Thursday, September 21, special train returning will leave Centre Hall for Lewisburg and principal intermediate stations at 8.20 p. m.

For time of regular trains consult time tables. sept7-2t

Foster's Weather Forecast.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from 2d to 6th, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about 7th, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 8th, great central valleys 9th to 11th, eastern states 12th.

Warm wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 7th, great central valleys 9th, eastern states 11th. Cool wave will cross west of Rockies country about 10th, great central valleys 12th, eastern states 14th.

Temperature of the week ending 8 a. m., September 18, will average about, and rainfall above normal.

Another storm wave will reach the Pacific coast about 13th, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 14th, great central valley 15th to 17th, eastern states 18th.

Warm wave will cross west of Rockies country about 13th, great central valleys 15th. Eastern states 17th. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about 16th, great central valleys 18th, eastern states 20.

Blood on the Moon.

There is more trouble in Republican ranks in Centre county. A few days ago County Chairman W. E. Gray called a meeting of the county nominees, but when they arrived in Bellefonte he was not to be found. Finally he was located at his home, but he refused to attend the conference. He is a Quay man, and it is charged that he will be lukewarm for the ticket, because the Hastings people nominated it. It is further charged that the Quay postmasters will not be found actively at work for the candidates. Postmaster Betz, Marion township, is quoted as saying that he will fight the ticket. E. R. Chambers, one of the appointees of the Auditor General, is also quoted as saying that he will oppose the Hastings nominees.

Aeronaut's Fatal Fall.

N. E. Crissey, an aeronaut, fell 600 feet to instant death, on the Punxsutawney fair grounds last Thursday. Crissey was scheduled to make daily balloon ascensions at the fair grounds this week. He went up in a large tube, which inverted itself at the proper moment, than the balloonist and his parachute descended. When Crissey ascended the belt by which he was held broke just as he was inverting his tube, and he fell like a stone to the ground outside the fair inclosure. When picked up he was dead. Five thousand people saw the accident. Crissey was 25 years old and an experienced balloonist. At one time he was a resident of Howard, this county.

See That You Are on the List.

The fall election will be held Tuesday, November 7. The law requires that all citizens must be registered sixty days and have their taxes paid thirty days before that date, in order to make them eligible to vote, therefor voters must be registered not later than September 8th, and pay their taxes on or before October 7th.

A Balloon Accident.

A lady balloonist made an ascension at Huntingdon last week, she lost control of the parachute in descending and fell sixty feet, breaking her leg and hip. Hopes for her recovery are entertained.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Cullings of More than Ordinary Interest from Everywhere.

The Phunnyphone.

ALEXANDER.

There was a youth who kept a store,
And though some might be grander,
He kept a store all through the war
And his name was Alexander.

He mixed his goods with cunning hand
And was a skillful brander;
While oft his sugar was half sand—
Some called him Alex-sander.

One day his loved one to him came,
Then lovingly he scanned her;
He asked her would she change her name,
And a ring did Alex-hand-her.

"Oh, yes," she said, with smiling lip,
"If I can be commander;"
They both then formed a partnership
And called it Alex-and Her.

—Alex. Geddes.

Big success: The biz men's picnic.

Creasy speaks, Sep. 20, Centre Hall.

No peaches: In our valley orchards.

Diphtheria: At Coburn and vicinity.

Good place to locate at—Centre Hall.

Vets Re-union, Sep. 16, Centre Hall.

Send your dues: All in arrears, do.

Up, and going higher: Trust coal.

Fall coming; look for a soft landing.

It costs nothing: To be courteous and kind.

Want Hamilton's scalp: The grangers.

Fresh apple butter is on many tables already.

Free evening concerts: By the crickets and katy-dids.

Oft neglected: The broom to sweep before your own door.

The health laws of the state are very strict against any bad smelling offal.

A Rogue: The fellow who says there is no honesty in politics. Watch 'im.

Rev. Wolff, pastor of the Aaronsburg Lutheran charge, has resigned, to take effect Oct. 1.

Two of Aaronsburg's old residenters, Jesse Wert and Frank Weaver, are on the sick list, and unable to leave their homes.

The Mountain Echo, a weekly newspaper in Bedford county, was purchased a few days ago by Rev. Dr. Colfelt.

Centre Hall would be a good location for a canning factory. Fruit, vegetables and berries, are usually plenty in this section.

Hemlock lumber has advanced $4 per 1000 feet in the last eight months. Pine lumber has gone up $2 to $3, according to grade.

Rev. Daniel Mitterling, of Michigan, preached an able sermon in the Presbyterian church, of this place, last Sabbath morning.

L. A. Schaeffer, Justice of the Peace, Bellefonte, has resigned. He was a good official and his resignation is a loss to the public.

The owners of iron ore banks at Adamsburg and Kreamer in Snyder county are arranging to operate their mines to their full capacity.

This town should be happy. It has ministers enough to start a good school of theology and physicians enough to found a medical college.

Rev. Rearick's appointments, Sunday Sept. 10: At Centre Hall, 10 a. m. at St. Johns church at 7 p. m.; at X church, Georges valley, 2 p. m.

Strawberry Plants, of choice varieties, for sale in any quantity desired, by Geo. R. Meese, Tusseyville. Price, 50c per 100; $4 per 1000 plants. 3t

The stoutest field of corn, in all this section, is on the "Kline farm," occupied by Mr. Long, some six miles east of here, with stalks unusually heavy and tall.

Governor Stone has appointed Prof. John Hamilton and W. C. Patterson, of State College, delegates to the Farmers' Convention, to be held in Boston, October 3.

The Evangelical bush meeting will commence Sept. 9, in James Wert's grove, about one mile from Yearick's church, some 8 miles east of Centre Hall, to continue until the 12th.

The great demand for iron ore will place the ore mines of this country in operation. The many ore banks in this county may be brought into operation by the rise in the price of iron.

Byron Garis has his new house on east Church street in good enough condition for occupancy by the holidays. Mr. Weaver's new house near the picnic ground, is also near completion.

Emanuel Sunday, of Ferguson twp., has returned from Philadelphia, whither he had gone for treatment for cancer of the throat, but the physicians informed him nothing could be done for him.

Hay Fever—Summer Grip.—The symptoms of Hay Fever and La Grippe are identical: prostration, sneezing, inflamation of the mucous membrane. Dr. Humphrey's Specific "77" cures both; 25c at all druggists.

FIGUEREO GIVES UP.

Is Forced to Resign the Presidency of Santo Domingo.

NO MORE FIGHTING.

Gen. Jiminez, the Revolutionary Leader Will Likely Be His Successor—Complete Victory of the Revolutionary Forces—Santiago Taken After a Hot Fight—The Revolution Bloodless.

Santo Domingo, (By Cable.)—President Figuereo has resigned, and the success of the revolutionists is complete.

The ministers will continue at the head of their various departments until a provisional government has been formed, after which the elections for president and vice president will take place. This city is quiet, but business is at a standstill.

The Dominican gunboat Restauracion is ashore on the rocks at the entrance to the harbor of Macoris. Efforts are being made to get her off.

The United States cruiser New Orleans and the French cruiser Cecille are still in port.

Santiago, Moca, Lavega, Porto Plata, San Francisco de Macoris and Bani have declared in favor of the revolution. Santiago was taken after a strong fight.

It is expected that all the other places will submit to the revolution without any more fighting, principally owing to the fact that the president has resigned. The political prisoners have all been released.

Santiago de Cuba, (By Cable.)—General Juan Isidro Jiminez, the revolutionary aspirant to the presidency of Santo Domingo, left Santiago de Cuba on a specially chartered steamer, the George Croise, General Wood, the military governor, having received instructions from Governer General Brooke to release him from custody unless there are indications that he is promoting a filibustering expedition.

General Jiminez received numerous despatches from Santo Domingo announcing the downfall of the old government, and urging his speedy arrival. He says the revolution has been practically bloodless, as the people are almost unanimous against the old regime. General Jiminez has issued a long proclamation, announcing the reforms he will institute if he is chosen president. The existing laws of Santo Domingo are, he asserts, adequate, if properly enforced. All that is needed is honest execution, and he has no doubt of his own immediate success.

DROWNED IN A RAIN BARREL.

A Woman Meets Death in a Peculiar Manner at Hanover, Md.

Hanover, Md., (Special.)—Mrs. Lottie C. Norwood, wife of Edward Norwood, a painter, living about a half mile from this place, met death in a peculiar manner some time on Tuesday afternoon. She was found by a child in a rain barrel with her head and shoulders submerged. The body was not found until Wednesday afternoon. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict of accidental death.

How Mrs. Norwood met her death is unknown. It is supposed that she went to the barrel to draw a bucket of water, and in some way fell into the barrel, and, being unable to raise herself, was drowned. Her husband, who was in Baltimore, did not return until near midnight.

On the next morning Mr. Norwood again went to Baltimore.

After he had gone, a child found Mrs. Norwood's body in the position stated. Policeman Michael Norris and 'Squire F. A. Holland, of the First district of Howard county, were notified.

Mrs. Norwood's body was still in the barrel when the jury viewed it. It was in a position as if she had been stooping. The barrel was near the door of the house. Norwood did not arrive home until midnight Wednesday, and he was immediately placed under arrest and locked up at Elkridge.

At the inquest Dr. Harrison Tongue, who had examined the body, testified that there were no signs of violence on the woman's body. After the jury had rendered its verdict Norwood was released from custody.

Mrs. Norwood was forty-five years old.

MOBBED EDITOR HALSTEAD.

He Told the Club He Was Lecturing Before They Were Traitors.

Cincinnati, O., (Special.)—Editor Murat Halstead lectured by invitation before the Economic Club. The audience was miscellaneous, in addition to the members of the club, which is largely anti-imperialistic. Mr. Halstead's subject was the "Philippines." After the lecture, according to the rules of the club, Mr. Halstead was plied with questions. One of the questioners, with decided sympathy for Aguinaldo, after his question had been answered, added the remark: "I hope Otis will be kept in and will keep on blundering till he and the whole army are driven into the sea or captured. Mr. Halstead said: "A man with those sentiments is a traitor to his country." Several men jumped up and remarked: "Two-thirds of this audience thinks that way." Mr. Halstead replied: "Whoever thinks that way is a traitor."

Then there was a rush down the hall, with raised fists toward Mr. Halstead, but a great number of men stepped in between Mr. Halstead and those who were rushing at him. There was a great noise and uproar, which disclosed the fact that the audience was composed of men on both sides of that question. Mr. Halstead was quietly led out of the building by a side door and taken home. No blows were struck, but chairs and seats were upset, and there were loud threats and great uproariousness.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

George Saunders and Alice Jones, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., arrested in London on charges of forgery, were released, no evidence being produced to hold them. They were rearrested.

President Loubet, in an address at Rambouillet, said he was convinced that the troubles of France was nearing an end.

Many Cuban military officers have offered their services to General Jiminez in an expedition to Santo Domingo.

Emperior William refused to accept the resignation of the ministry, but a partial reorganization will be effected.

Floods have caused great distress in Chili. A passenger train fell into a river, and many lives were lost.

The Sultan of Morocco narrowly escaped being struck by lightning, two of the court ushers being killed.

THE NEWS.

Friends of Admiral Sebley, in New York, are commenting on further evidence of spitework by Secretary Long, of the navy that he appointed Captain Robley D. Evans as a representative of the navy at Dewey celebration, instead of the popular admiral.

At the session of the American Bar Association at Buffalo, Senator Lindsay, of Kentucky, made an address, in which he defended from a legal standpoint, the American policy in dealing with the Filipinos Justice Kennedy, of England, made an address.

Rioting broke out again in Cleveland in connection with the street railway strike Four cars were demolished, and the crews forced to flee for their lives.

Work began at Newport News on two steamships for Pacific Mail Line. They will be the largest ever built in America.

An aged eccentric German at Shelbyville, Ind., blew up his house with dynamite, and then committed suicide.

The American Construction Company has been chartered at Alexandria, Va., with a capital stock of $200,000.

An effort will be made to induce Admiral Dewey to attend the Virginia State Exposition in October.

The number of victims of the Coliseum disaster in Chicago is now placed at ten.

The scheme for a combine of window glass factories has been abandoned.

The Ohio Democratic State Convention at Zanesville, nominated John R. McLean for governor, and Judge Patrick for lieutenant governor.

"Abe" Coakley, who is said to have been a partner of "Jimmy" Hope, the burglar, was stabbed in New York. A hotel porter was arrested on the charge of inflicting the wound.

Colonel W. A. Neale, former superintendent of the state penitentiary in Columbia, S. C., was arrested on the charge of embezzlement.

The grievance committee of the Delaware, Lackawany and Western Railroad engineers reached an agreement with the company.

President and Mrs. McKinley reached their old home in Canton, Ohio, and were given an enthusiastic welcome.

The permanent organization of the Distilling Company of America, was effected in New York.

The restored cruiser Reina Mercedes may take part in the Dewey celebration in New York.

Six persons were killed in a fire in Yuma, Arizona, which caused a loss of $150,000.

N. E. Crissey, an aeronaut, was killed by a fall from his balloon at Dubois, Pa.

The Pittsburg Bail Coal Mine combine, with a monopoly of the outlets to the coal markets of the East, West and Northwest and capital stock of $64,000,000, has been formed.

Daniel W. Biddle, formerly treasurer of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, was found dying from alcoholism in a stable in Winchester, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. George Boyer were tied to their bedposts at their home, in Kearneysville, W. Va., by burglars, who ransacked the house.

Dr. Edward Bedloe, United States consul at Canton, China, while in Chicago denied that he had been suspended.

Sergeant Alex Scott Ewing, who had a remarkable career during the Civil War, died at Oxford, Pa.

Tom Kee, a Chinese laundryman of Shippensburg, Pa., allowed his pigtail to be cut off for a dollar.

John Kuckle, of Plainfield, N. J., shot at his wife in New York and then fatally shot himself.

Frank Ives, the great billiard player, died from consumption in Progresso, Mexico.

The Atlantic and Danville Railroad has been leased to the Southern.

The Alleghany Hotel, at Goshen, Va., was sold for $18,000.

An attempt to wreck a train at Nyack, N. Y., was foiled.

A movement has been started in Cleveland, O., to secure the discharge of two hundred volunteers now in the Fourteenth Regular Infantry at Manila.

Robert Stribling and William Mills, white, were committed in Warrenton, Va., on the charge of committing a criminal assault on Winnie Tate, colored.

Mrs. Franklyn Hart sued Mrs. Anna Knapp in Danbury, Ct., for $10,000 damages for alienating her husband's affections.

A movement was inaugurated for a law library at the University of Virginia in memory of the late Professor Minor.

Demetri Friedlander, treasurer of the United Russian churches in Chicago, is missing, with a large amount of money.

A collision of freight trains on the Central Railroad of New Jersey wrecked forty-seven cars. No lives lost.

A meeting of marine hospital surgeons was held at Newport News, Va., to discuss the yellow fever situation.

John T. Flavin, president of the Wisconsin State Teachers' Association, committed suicide at Watertown, Wis.

Miss Helen Williams, of New York, was reported to have been cured of aphasia by being fed on poisons.

Thirty-two governments have accepted invitations to send envoys to the International Commercial Congress at Philadelphia.

The schooner Oscar G. Smith, disabled, at Newport News, her captain having been washed overboard during the hurricane.

The California regiment returning from Manila, landed at San Francisco, and received a rousing welcome.

Ada Copney, the woman highwayman, and her two accomplices, were held for trial in Norfolk, Va.

W. J. Spradling, who shot down Miss Nellie McKinstry, near Fairview, N. M., was killed by cowboys.

Walter A. Dunn, lawyer, was arrested in Richmond, on a charge af embezziement, which he denies.

Cyrus A. Brown and Matthew Craig were hanged in Muskegon, I. T.

The report of the Inter-State Commerce Commission shows that railroads are equipping their cars and locomotives with safety appliances.

Naval Constructor Hobson has made a report showing progress in reconstructing the raised Spanish ships in Manila Bay.

Recruiting offices are to be opened in the South for enlisting men for the Philippines.

John Winterfield, a farmer, was killed by falling rock from a blast near Cedar Mills, Grant county, W. Va., a quarter of a mile from the field on which he was working.

The Tenth Pennsylvania was given a splendid reception on its return to Pittsburg from the campaign in the Philippines. Speeches were made by President McKinley, Governor Stone and Congressman Dalzell.

Nine workmen were killed, and fourteen injured by the fall of twelve steel arches of the superstructure of the new Colisseum building in Chicago.

BY FALLING ARCHES.

Sudden Collapse of the Chicago Colisseum.

NINE KILLED OUTRIGHT.

Disaster Rushed Like an Alpine Avalanche—Two Missing and at Least Six Fatally Injured—Twelve Great Steel Arches, Weighing Thirty-Three Tons Each, Fell One After the Other.

Chicago, Ill., (Special.)—Twelve steel arches, each weighing 33 tons, which were to have supported the superstructure of the Colisseum Building, in course of erection on Wabash avenue, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, fell to the ground late Monday afternoon. It is known that nine lives were crushed out.

The bodies of three men are supposed to be under the wreckage. Seven are in the hospital with injuries received in the accident, and of these two will surely die, one may possibly recover and the rest are, for the greater part, seriously injured.

All of the 12 arches were standing, the 12th and last having just been completed. It was the intention of the steel contractors, the Pittsburg Bridge Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., to turn over its work to the general contractors.

The immense "traveler," or derrick, which had been used in the erection of the arches had been removed, and the agents of the bridge company were accounting their work as practically completed, when suddenly, and without the slightest warning, the arch last put in place suddenly fell over against the one next to it.

The weight was too much for this. It gave way, crashed against the third, and then one by one the great steel spans fell over to the south, precisely in the same manner as a number of cards would fall.

Nearly all the men who were killed were at work on top of the arches 40 feet above the ground. Some of them made futile attempts to slide down the side of the arches, but before they could save themselves they were hurled to the ground. Many of them uttered piercing shrieks for aid as they fell. Most of them were killed outright by the awful nature of their injuries. The skulls of the unfortunate men were crushed into shapeless masses; their limbs were cut off as if by a monster knife, and they were mangled beyond recognition.

SPANISH-AMERICAN ISLANDS.

General Otis has applied the Chinese exclusion laws to the Philippines, without the knowledge of the Washington authorities.

Colonel Funston has been compelled to go to a hospital on account of the opening of an old wound.

Because of thieving and attempted swindling, Governor General Brooke will not distribute the balance of the $3,000,000 in supplementary payments to the Cubans.

Advices from Manila via San Francisco show that the Filipinos are receiving supplies and arms and are prepared to keep up the war.

General Otis cabled that the cableship Hooker will be a total loss, with her supplies.

General Bates effected an agreement with the Sultan of the Sulu Islands.

Two of the municipal governments on the Island of Luzon have collapsed, owing to treachery of the mayors showing that the natives in their present condition are not to be trusted.

The gum tree is to be introduced into Cuba to make malarial regions more healthful.

British advices from Manila state that anarchy prevails in the Philippines, and that the Filipinos have murdered the crew of the steamer Saturnus, a coaster under the American flag.

Admiral Watson, in command of the American fleet at Manila, is seriously ill of heart trouble, probably the effect of an accident to his launch while he was on board on July 11.

W. F. Sylvester, of London, one of the owners of the ship Abbey, seized by Admiral Dewey, filed a protest with the Navy Department.

Mutinous firemen and coal passers on the transport Warren were tried at Manila and sent to the penitentiary.

Twenty-five hundred victims of the hurricane were buried in Porto Rico, and two thousand are still missing.

Nine soldiers were drowned from a raft while crossing the Mariquina River, near Manila.

The Cuban census is to be begun October 16 and finished by November 30.

CUBA HAS A SURPLUS.

Receipts in Past Six Months $6,982,010, Expenditures $5,501,988.

Washington, D. C., (Special.)—A statement of the financial condition of Cuba shows that under the management of the United States authorities the receipts of the island from January 1, 1899, to June 30 exceed the expenditures by $1,480,022. The receipts from all sources were 6,982,010; disbursements, $5,501,988.

Of the money disbursed, $1,712,014 was expended for sanitation, $5 5,263 in the erection and improvement of Barracks and quarters, $443,563 in the establishment of the rural guard and administration, $250,674 on public works, harbors and forts, $293,881 on charities and hospitals, $242,146 for civil government, $723,281 on municipalities, $88,944 in aid of the destitute and $42,205 on quarantine matters.

FIELD OF LABOR.

Lima has no chimneys.
France has 1,150 ships.
One cotton mill in Kansas.
'Frisco has a milkers' union.
A smokeless coal is promised.
Germany has 25,000 physicians.
England has 17,000 iron miners.
'Frisco sailors earn $20 a month.
There are cast steel billiard balls.
Adrian, Mich., car fare is 3 cents.
Michigan is first in iron production.
There are two tanneries in Japan.
Pittsburg painters get $2.75 a day.
English collieries employ 385,000 men.
Kansas City is to have a labor temple.
Albany ice dealers will fight the trust.
In Thuringia horses thrive on potato bread.
North Carolina has seven woolen mills.
Prussia will establish free sewing schools.
French coal mines employ 81,000 persons.
California printers held a State convention.

ORPHANAGE BURNED.

Four Lives Lost and $150,000 of Property Destroyed.

THE SISTERS ESCAPED.

Heroic Girl Lost Her Life Trying to Rescue a Baby—Destruction of St. Agnes Institution at Sparkill, Near Piermont—Several Children Injured and the Physicians Fear Further Deaths.

Sparkill, N. Y., (Special.)—Fire that broke out at 1 o'clock Tuesday morning destroyed nine of the 10 buildings of St. Agnes' Convent and Orphanage, entailing a loss of $150,000, and caused the death of four persons.

Twenty-five inmates were injured by falls, jumps and burns; none seriously.

That more lives were not lost was due to the heroism of the Sisters and some of the older inmates. When the fire broke out the 400 inmates of the institution were asleep. Most of them were gotten out in almost perfect order, but a score who risked their lives to save others were finally forced to either jump from the upper stories or make desperate dashes through stairways and corridors filled with flames and smoke.

The fire was discovered in the lavatory and soon spread to the adjoining buildings, attacking first a dormitory in which 200 of the older boys slept.

Sister Reginald, who had trained the lads in the fire drill, rushed down the line of white beds and, arousing the sleepers, clapped her hands, the simple fire signal followed in the orphanage. The boys turned out with a rush and gained the lawn in their night clothes. By that time the second dormitory, where the smaller boys slept, was ablaze. The older lads made a dash for the building and were soon carrying the smaller ones out. The buildings were all finished with Georgia pine and the wood burned furiously. The convent and chapel made a great stack of flame, and between them and the second dormitory the girls' dormitory blazed and crackled as the fire leaped up its wooden walls.

A dozen Sisters were cut off in the upper stories of the convent building. They were forced to the windows, and while some climbed out to the sills, others knelt at the casements in prayer. Engineer Otto placed a long ladder against the outer wall and rescued half a dozen. Six were forced to jump for their lives, and fortunately all but Sister Bertrand escaped without serious injury.

The escape of Sister Agnes seemed almost a miracle. She was cut off on the fourth floor and elected to jump from her window rather than plunge into the furnace that had once been a stairway. She climbed out on the sill, and then, seizing the shutter, swung out clear of the building. Then she loosed her hold. She struck the ground squarely upon her feet and then fell over on her side. Before any one could reach her she got up and walked quickly away unhurt.

The fire reached the girls' dormitory last, but once it took hold of the building it burned fiercely. Most of the girls were on the upper floors, and it was with the greatest difficulty that they were gotten out.

Shortly after the last of the rescuers left the second dormitory there was a counting of heads and the discovery was made that two baby boys were missing. John Cody, a 15-year-old boy, made straight for the door, paying no heed to the warnings of danger. A minute later Cody came dashing out of the building carrying under each arm one of the missing boys.

Firemen came from Piermont and Nyack, but the best they could do was to save the hospital, a large two-story building.

The Sisters and children were conveyed by teams to the Blauvelt Convent.

As far as known, but one person actually perished in the fire itself. That was Jane, an old pensioner, aged 70 years, who was asleep in the servants' quarters.

Helen Brown and Emma Mackin died from convulsions that resulted from fright.

Kate McCarthy was a servant in the convent and had organic heart trouble. She was badly frightened, collapsed in the grounds and died later in the day. It is believed Therese Murphy and Mary Brown both escaped from the fire, but that the former became demented and is leading the other girls through the woods.

There were 3.6 children in the orphanage, 60 of whom were girls, and their ages ranged from 2 to 16 years. Most of them were from New York city and they were in most instances committed by the Gerry Society and city courts. The orphanage was conducted by the Sisters of the Dominican Order.

MURDER AT PARKERSBURG.

Tragedy Results From a Quarrel Over Apples.

Parkersburg, W. Va., (Special.)—A man named Reese Bradford, employed at Koonin's sawmill, near here, struck a brother employee, named W. F. White, on the head with a heavy piece of oak scantling, crushing his skull. White, who was taken to his home in the country, is reported to have died.

The trouble started over a couple of apples, which Bradford threw to a boy, named Taylor, and White caught on the fly and ate. This angered Bradford, who knocked White down, and while he was prostrate secured the scantling and inflicted the fatal blow. Tom Bradford, a brother of Reese, also fell upon White and beat him severely.

After committing the crime the Bradford brothers fled across the Little Kanawha River, taking different directions. Officers, who started in pursuit, arrested Reese Bradford and placed him in jail here. Tom is still at liberty.

Dewey Home Fund.

Washington, (Special.)—Although the Dewey home fund is increasing only by small contributions, and has not yet reached the $20,000 mark, Treasurer Roberts says there is $15,000 additional in sight for the fund. This amount has been promised from New York, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Chicago, Milwaukee and other Western cities.

AN ANARCHISTS' PLOT.

They Send a Young Woman to Paris to Blow Up the Exposition Buildings.

Rio de Janeiro, (By Cable.)—The police have discovered an association of Anarchists at San Paulo, forty miles from Santos, and the investigation shows that, among others who were chosen by lot, is a young girl—Gabriella—who has already started on her voyage, whose mission it is to dynamite buildings of the Paris Exposition.

Several persons have been arrested in connection with the plot, including the editors of Anarchist papers at San Paulo and in this city.

PORTO RICAN LOSSES.

Victims of the Recent Hurricane Number Five Thousand.

Ponce, Porto Rico, (By Cable.)—The furious storm during the day of Tuesday, August 8, and the exceedingly heavy rains which accompanied and followed the wind were the most destructive combination of elements that have visited this island since August 22, 1772. A conservative estimate would place the loss of life on the island at 5,000.

The wind unroofed many buildings and blew down hundreds of poorly constructed native huts, but the injuries and loss of life from the wind were very small, indeed. The wind played havoc with the vegetation. It broke down and uprooted large trees and royal palms; it destroyed the coffee trees that were loaded with ripening berries; it blew oranges, limes, lemons and all kinds of fruits from the trees, or else swept away the trees entirely, and, worst of all, it leveled practically all the banana palms of the island, and thus destroyed the fruit that served as bread to the peons.

The sugar-houses and machinery suffered greatly, while the sugar-cane itself was little injured except from the floods. The young cane that was flooded was greatly improved by the alluvial deposit brought down from the mountains, while cane that was older was broken down and ruined, although the land itself was in many cases improved. On the other hand, the tobacco and coffee lands on the mountain sides were greatly injured by the washing away of the richest part of the top soil.

Coffee planters are perhaps the most to be pitied, because it takes five or six years to produce a tree that will yield a crop. The great loss of life throughout the island was caused almost entirely by the floods which followed the windstorm. The rivers rose so suddenly and to such unprecedented height that all were caught unawares.

Too much cannot be said for the "bomberos" or native fire department of Ponce and the soldiers. Both worked the whole night, and aided by many citizens, saved hundreds of lives.

Almost the entire loss of life was among the peons.

TEMPTATION WAS TOO STRONG.

Southern Express Agent in Georgia Decamps with the Funds.

Brunswick, Ga., (Special.)—W. A. Airheart, Southern Express agent at Brunswick, Ga., has disappeared, and is a defaulter to the extent of about $1,200. Airheart disappeared Sunday, and Supt. Mark O'Brien came here at once to investigate, finding the shortage as stated. In the safe O'Brien found a note from Airheart, in which he said:

To the gentleman opening this safe: This is my last chance. I could not stand the temptations of this town. My only regret is on account of my friend, Mark J. O'Brien. Yours for other parts.

W. A. AIRHEART.

Airheart, who was formerly an express messenger, succeeded P. H. Mabry a little over a year ago, after Mabry had skipped out with $15,000. Mabry was caught and the money secured. Airheart led a fast life in Brunswick, which, it is said, accounts for his downfall.

AERONAUT FALLS TO DEATH.

The Belt Broke, and He Came Down to Earth Like a Heavy Stone.

Dubois, Pa., (Special.)—N. E. Crissey, an aeronaut, fell six hundred feet to instant death on the Punxsutawney Fair Grounds. Crissey was scheduled to make daily balloon ascensions at the fair grounds this week. He went up in a large tube that inverted itself at the proper moment, and the balloonist and his parachute shot out and descended. When he ascended, however, the belt by which he was held broke just as he was inverting his tube, and he shot like a stone to the ground outside the fair enclosure. When picked up he was dead. Five thousand persons saw the accident. Crissey was twenty-five years of age, and was an experienced balloonist. He belonged in Johnstown, Pa.

GEN. WHEELER AT MANILA.

Given Command of Brigade in Gen. MacArthur's Division.

Manila, (By Cable.)—Gen. Wheeler has been ordered to report to Gen. MacArthur. He will be given command of Gen. Funston's brigade, which Col. Liscum has commanded temporarily. Gen. Wheeler will proceed to San Fernando, having spent a week in energetically visiting the lines.

Gen. Wheeler said to a representative of the Associated Press: "I am much pleased with the situation. I think that when Maj. Gen. Otis gets more troops here he will make rapid progress. The country is more favorable for military operations than I supposed. The impression that the country is unhealthy is wrong."

The railroad to Angeles will be restored within a week, and Gen. MacArthur will advance his headquarters to that place.

WEDDED AT LONG RANGE.

Preacher on One Side of a Creek and Lovers on the Other.

Perry, O. T., (Special.)—Albert Perry, a cowboy, loved Emma Moyer, daughter of a cattle raiser, whose ranch is not far from here. She reciprocated and they became engaged. The wedding was set for Tuesday.

Near the girl's home, where the wedding was to take place, is a creek, and the minister who had been engaged to perform the ceremony lived on the other side. A sudden rain raised the creek and the preacher was unable to ford it. While he stood on the bank the young couple appeared on the other side. There they were married, the minister shouting the service and they the responses across the stream.

Six Lives Lost.

Yuma, Ariz., (Special.)—Fire in E. F. Sanguinetti's merchandise store resulted in the loss of six lives and caused $150,000 damage. A crowd of men were carrying goods from the building, when the second floor fell on them. Besides killing six, a number were injured.

CUBAN SOLDIERS PAID.

33,692 of Them Have Received Altogether $2,526,900.

Havana, (By Cable.)—The commission which has been engaged in distributing the $3,000,000 appropriated for the purpose of paying off Cuban soldiers who surrendered their arms to the American officials has returned to Havana.

It reports that 33,692 persons have received their share of the gratuity and that the total amount of money distributed is $2,526,900.

THE KEYSTONE STATE.

Latest News Gleaned from Various Parts.

WAS SHOT BY MISTAKE.

Miss Edith Dunn Killed by Tyne Grove, a Neighbor, Who Mistook the Girl for a Burglar.—Two Threshing Machine Operators Seriously Injured in Berks County.—Other Live News.

Miss Edith Dunn, aged 17 years, daughter of a prominent farmer of Franklin, was fatally shot by Tyne Grove, a neighbor, who mistook the girl for a burglar.

Miss Dunn had attended a church social in the neighborhood, returning home at 2 oclock. After her escort left her she made a futile attempt to arouse some member of her family to let her into the house.

The girl then went to Grove's home, a short distance away. She knocked at the front door several times, according to her story, and received no response until a shot was fired through the door.

Mr. Grove says that he was aroused by a knock at the door and called out "Who's there?" This demand he repeated several times, but received no reply. He then called out: "If you don't leave, I'll shoot."

Again no response came, and he immediately procured his 38-calibre rifle. Mr. Grove says in getting the gun he made considerable noise and allowed several shells to drop on the floor with the hope of frightening the person away.

The knock came again and he fired toward the door. A scream followed, and when Mr. Grove stepped outside to pick up a supposed burglar he learned his mistake.

The ball had entered the groin of the victim, and she died in the afternoon.

Mr. Grove had sold some oil the day previous and had several hundred dollars in the house. He thought the person at the door was somebody who knew he had the money and was attempting to rob him. The girl was a general favorite in the community, and her family is frantic over her death. Grove has been exonerated from all blame, the girl requesting this before she died.

Recluse Killed.

A destructive storm visited Mount Joy and vicinity, causing a heavy loss to property and the death of one man.

Dr. Andrew Martin, who resides near Mount Joy, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. He was in the cellar of his house at the time, accompanied by his sisters, who was putting away provisions. The doctor held a brass lamp. Lightning struck the chimney of the house, followed the stove pipe, passed through the stove and floor and entered his left side. When stricken the lamp was knocked from his hand. He was standing immediately below the stove. His sister was within three feet of him and escaped injury. He was 66 years of age, a graduate of Ann Arbor University and Jefferson Medical College. He formerly practiced in Reading. He joined the new Mennonite Church, then retired, because of conscientious scruples, and since has lived the life of a recluse.

He served in the Rebellion, and on the battlefied he surprised his comrades with a prayer heard by thousands of them that he might be saved from death in battle so that he would devote the remainder of his life to the service of God. A large barn of Dr. Blough and a tobacco warehouse adjoining, were struck by lightning and entirely consumed.

Engine Boiler Explodes.

The boiler of a traction engine attached to a threshing machine exploded on the turnpike between Morgantown and Churchtown, at the southern end of Berks county, and two men were badly injured. Those hurt were William Smith, scalded, arm broke and injured about the head; Walter Kessler, bruised and cut about the body. The men had been threshing near Churchtown, and were coming to their home at Morgantown. The engine by its own power propels itself and the thresher over the road. Those in charge of the engine were sitting near the fire box when the accident occured. The explosion was so severe that Kessler was thrown over the fence into a field, where he lay unconscious and bleeding until help arrived. Smith was thrown under the thresher and the wheels went over his body. He was so badly scalded that when his clothing were removed the skin in many portions of his body came along with them.

Explosion Under Hotel.

Soon after Landlord Kreitz, of one of the hotels at Bingen, had refused beer to three hard-looking characters, there was a terrible explosion at the southwest corner of his house, and an investigation resulted in finding that the cause was a dynamite cartridge. Landlord Kreitz is of the belief that the strangers, who had been refused beer, sought revenge, and were the perpetrators. Outside of breaking a few window panes no damage was done. The strangers are believed to have been tramps, and probably fled on a coal train, which passed the hotel a few minutes after the explosion. This is the hotel where Llewellyn Stout, the murderer of Harvey Wurster, was taken after being arrested on the night of the murder, and made confession to the detectives.

Trainman's Error Cost Life.

William Else, aged about 25 years, while assisting to put air brakes under a freight car at the Milton Car Works, had both legs crushed just above the ankles and his skull fractured so badly that he died two and a half hours later. Through some misunderstanding the switcher backed up on the siding where Else was working to draw the cars to another track, and the cars ran over Else.

Feet Cut Off by a Car.

Howard Mylott, about 22 years of age, a resident of Wilmington, employed at the new structural mill of the Lukens Iron & Steel Company, was working on the incline trestle railroad when a car started down the incline. He did not see it approaching until it was too late to escape, and the wheels passed over his feet, cutting the left off and so badly injuring the right that it will have to be amputated.

Accidentally Shot His Wife.

Levi Bessler, of Robesonia, seized a double-barrel shotgun to shoot at a rat. He missed his aim and the contents of both barrels entered his wife's leg below the knee. The shot splintered the bone. She will probably lose her limb.

The Paths of Destiny.

Go your own way; let me go mine:
For us the differing day-stars shine
Across the shifting water-way
That links to-day with yesterday
And kisses with regretful lips
The sands and the departing ships,
Whose top-masts, sinking in the sea,
Return no more to you and me.

Go your own way; each has his own
For us the differing day-stars shone
Above the hills that hurry down
The valley from the inland town,
Where boyhood's changeful vows were traced
In drifting sand, thus here effaced.

Go your way; let each man's soul
Maintain its purpose and its goal.
The times are dead that called us friends;
Our lives have different aims and ends.
Careers which satisfy like thine
Were never made for hearts like mine
That ache, that break, yet still afar
Pursue fame's fair, elusive star,
Until, beyond the realms of night,
Toil rises, star-like, avatar.
A god incarnate from each line
Where pain makes human thought divine.

Across the hollow-sounding lakes
Whose low, recurrent thunder shakes
The sand whereon our pathways part—
Mine to the height, yours to her heart—
For us the differing day-stars shine:
Go your own way; let me go mine.

—John Bennett, in the Criterion.

A BRIDE BY TELEGRAM.

By Mrs. Whitney.

"Send me down bride in full dress for Friday evening. H. Smith, Walkley Station."

That was the tenor of the telegram, Miss Betsey Blythe knew, because she read it over forty times, if she read it once. She picked it up on the step of the telegraph office, where the lucky recipient thereof must have dropped it—and, unluckily, the address was torn off the northeast corner of the folded paper.

But Miss Betsey Blythe had not been engaged in looking after her neighbors' business all her life to be foiled now. She wiped the street mud off the telegram with her pocket-handkerchief, put it safely into her reticule and carried it home to her sisters, Miss Arethusa and Miss Pamela Blythe.

"There," she said, "didn't I tell you Harold Smith was going to be married on the sly."

"Goodness me!" said Arethusa.

"It can't be possible," piped Pamela. "But who can the bride be?"

"That's the question," declared Miss Betsey, staring back at the poll-parrot's cage in the window. "And Friday is to be the wedding day."

"Which Friday, I wonder?" said Miss Arethusa.

"Why, this Friday, of course!" pronounced Miss Pamela. "The day after to-morrow, of course; or it would have been a deal easier and cheaper to write instead of telegraphing. Don't you see?"

"Friday's an unlucky day for a wedding," groaned Miss Betsey.

"Just like Harold Smith to get married on a Friday," said Miss Pamela. "He's always making fun of what he calls 'superstitious observances.'"

"Well, I never!" said Miss Arethusa. "Who is the bride, anyhow?"

"If she's a girl of any spirit whatever," tartly observed Miss Betsey, "she won't allow herself to be telegraphed around the country like a package of dry goods."

"Some girls will do anything to get married," said Arethusa, with vicious emphasis.

"It's Jessie Mordaunt, of course," decided Pamela. "She's been flirting on and off with Harold Smith for these three years, but I didn't suppose he was foolish enough to fall into her trap!"

"Or perhaps it's Marian Shelton," added Miss Betsey. "I know they've been making up a new white silk dress with tablier fronts and a trained skirt at Shelton's. Miss Needlepoint told me so herself. And I can believe any amount of folly of the Shelton family since they changed that girl's name from Mary Ann to Marian."

"There's the three Misses MacKenzie, every one of 'em crazy," suggested Miss Arethusa.

"No," said Miss Pamela, decidedly. "You may be quite certain it's Jessie! Jessie's flighty enough for anything! I think she'd rather enjoy an escapade like that!"

"And I dare say," vindictively added Miss Arethusa, who was the eldest sister of the three, and the least addicted to favorable views of human nature, "they think it's an unfathomable secret!"

"Walkley Station is only three-quarters of an hour from New York," said Betsey. "Let's go to the wedding!"

"And," added Miss Pamela, in a chuckle, "let's notify all our friends to go!"

For the three Misses Blythe were not pleased that Harold Smith should presume to take so important a step as that of matrimony without their consent and advice. Hadn't they known him as a curly-headed lad before he ever went into college? Hadn't he played many a practical joke upon them, in his wild, rollicking way—and didn't they know perfectly well that he regarded them as three sour, ridiculous, disappointed old spinsters?

And now that they had come into possession of one of his choicest, dearest secrets, it was scarcely in human nature not to be revenged, fully and entirely.

"Do you suppose she'll go out in the cars?" asked Arethusa.

"In full dress! What nonsense," retorted Pamela. "She'll drive, of course, in a carriage!"

"She'll get her death of cold," said Miss Betsey, with a shiver. "Driving fifteen miles in 'full dress!'"

"The idea of Harold Smith ordering her around in that majestic fashion!" cried Arethusa. "But, girls, I'll tell you what we will do; we'll go and call on the Mordaunts."

Mrs. Mordaunt, a pretty, full-blown rose style of matron, was doing crewel-work. Jessie, her daughter, who corresponded with the rosebud in the family, was painting a vase of purple pansies in watercolors. They did not appear in the least like custodians of an important secret; looked surprised when Miss Betsey alluded to the subject of impending marriages, and said they had heard of no wedding in the neighborhood; and they stared when Miss Arethusa asked if they hadn't had a dressmaker in the house lately.

"We always do our own sewing," said Mrs. Mordaunt. "Jessie can fit a dress as well as Madam Mondini herself."

"But for such a very, very important occasion as this," smirked Miss Arethusa.

"We never have any important occasions," laughed Jessie. "Look, Miss Blythe; do you think my pansy is as deep a purple as the original?"

And when the three old maids had at last taken their departure, Jessie looked at her mother in amazement, mingled with mirth.

"Mamma," said she, "what do those old women mean?"

"I think, dear," said Mrs. Mordaunt, "that they are the least bit unsettled in their minds—just a little crazy, you know."

And the Misses Blythe went away, exchanging mysterious glances and whispering to each other,—

"They cannot deceive us!"

The Misses Blythe told everybody they could think of—ayways in strict confidence, of course. Everybody repeated it to everybody else, and by Friday evening the train to Walkley Station was full.

To Miss Betsey Blythe's infinite disappointment, the Smith house, a pretty, old-fashioned mansion with a pillared front, a garden full of clipped box monstrosities, was not lighted up after any extraordinary fashion. Mrs. Smith, Harold's mother, a dimpled old lady in a white lace cap and gleaming gold spectacle-glasses, was knitting, half asleep, when the three Misses Blythe were ushered in, followed by a crowd of other acquaintances.

"Oh," said she, rubbing her eyes to make sure that it was not a dream, "this is a surprise party, is it? I'm sure I'm delighted to see you! Only it's a pity Harry isn't at home!"

"My good soul," said Miss Arethusa Blythe, shaking her finger, "it's no use trying to deceive us. We know all—about it!"

"All about what?" said Mrs. Smith.

"About the wedding!" cried out the company in chorus.

"Whose wedding?" demanded Mrs. Smith.

"Why, Harold's, to be sure!" they responded.

"But Harold isn't going to be married," said Mrs. Smith. "He isn't even engaged! Good gracious! What can have put such a thing into people's heads?"

"It's the telegram," said Miss Pamela.

"I don't know what you are talking about," said Mrs. Smith, in despair.

"Well, if you won't believe me, you will, perhaps, believe your own eyes," said Miss Betsey Blythe with dignity as she drew the telegram from her pocket, and carefully straightening out its creases, held it up before Mrs. Smith's spectacle glasses.

"Dear me!" cried Mrs. Smith, at last comprehending a little of this curious network of cross-purposes. "It's Bella Smith's big doll!"

"What!" cried Miss Arethusa, Miss Pamela, and Miss Betsey, in chorus.

"What!" more wildly echoed the rest of the assemblage, crowding eagerly around.

"Mrs. Helena Smith's little daughter, across the street," explained Mrs. Smith. "It's her birth-night party, and an immense doll dressed as a bride was forwarded by express this afternoon. I saw it myself—a perfect beauty, with veil and wreath, white satin boots, buttoned by knobs of pearl and long-wristed white kid gloves, entirely complete! And you thought—you really imagined that my Harold was going to be married secretly, and had telegraphed to New York for his bride!"

The old lady broke out into a fit of soft, sweet-sounding laughter, which shook her as if she had been a mould of jelly. Everybody else laughed, except the three Misses Blythe. They only looked blank.

"But, now that you're here," added hospitable Mrs. Smith, "you'll stay to tea, all of you? But you must! The down train don't leave until ten, and you'll be half starved now that there is no wedding feast for you. Oh, I insist upon your staying to tea."

The biggest teakettle in the house was put over to boil, at once; seven pounds of coffee were put into the pot, and the maids ran, one to the muffin-and-crumpet store and cake bakery, the other to the oyster stand, which, luckily, was not yet shut up for the night. And kind Mrs. Smith entertained her guests with fractious politeness.

But there was no wedding and no bride, except little Nelly Smith's wax bride across the street; and the three Misses Blythe went back to New York, sadder and wiser women.

And that was, perhaps, the most desirable result; they resolved to adhere thenceforth, to the eleventh commandment.

Precept and Practice.

"I have been very much pained," said the man who always has a regretful look in his eye, "to observe the American eagerness to make money."

"I understand that you have written a book on the subject."

"Yes. But I am not going to publish it—not until I can see some method of making it pay."—Washington Star.

A GENUINE BAD MAN.

HOW A LEADVILLE DESPERADO PLAYED HOSS WITH TWO TENDERFEET.

Thurston Lillibridge was a True Type of the Western Man-Killer—He was a Blusterer and a Braggart, But Had Sand, Nevertheless.

"You often hear and read yarns to the general effect that bad men are almost invariably cool, silent chaps, and that there is no such a thing as a bad man who blusters, the blusterers, according to these stories, being all cowards," said Jared McAlbert, a well-known Montana mining man who visited Washington recently.

"These yarns make me smile. The regular bad man is almost extinct now, but I've met several hundred of 'em in my day, and every man of them was not only wickedly bad in fact, but also on his own confession. The worst men of the lot were the fellows who publicly gloated over their infamous deeds, the braggarts who not only announced with whoops that they ate wolves, but who were always ready to stand for anything they said, drunk or sober. It was a part of a professional bad man's badness to let everybody know that he was bad, to yelp it out between the cracking of his guns; to roar it out in the middle of the road whenever the fancy struck him. Moreover, these self-announced bad men were never 'called' with the frequency that some of these yarns would have you believe. I've generally discovered, on investigation, that the 'quiet, cool' bad men were fellows who shot or stabbed their victims in the back.

"I am always entertained when I read fairy tales of the way the bad men used to get themselve done up occasionally by flat-chested, one-lunged tenderfeet from the East. A few years ago I read a story in a St. Louis paper about the way a pretty, blue-eyed tenderfoot lad had made the famous (or rather infamous) Thurston Lillibridge dance, and it like to have tickled me to death. As a matter of fact, the man never lived that got the drop on Lillibridge. He committed sulcide by jumping from a second story window in Denver while in a spasm of the d. t.s. Lillibridge was about as bad a man as ever struck Leadville when Leadville was bad, which is saying enough. He was the worst braggart, the most tremendous blowhard, that ever loved the sound of his own voice, and yet he was bad and dangerous 'way down to the ground and underneath it. When he was drunk he would relate the history of his life in nine languages, and then whistle it, as the saying goes, solely for the purpose of enticing some new arrival to 'call' him, and he always looked grieved and disappointed when there was no one around to make such a bad break. He loved tenderfeet for the fun he had with them, and this is the reason the fairy tale about his having been corralled by one of them was such good reading for me.

"Two young fellows from Camden, N. J., struck Leadville in the fall of 1878. Each of them carried two big silver mounted pistols in his new belt, and their knives were new and shiny. They were pretty strapping young men, as a matter of fact, but they talked too much—and a new man in Leadville had to cheep pretty low in those days until the layout had time to size him up and properly label him, so to speak. These two young men, who seemed to have plenty of money in addition to their fine outfits, didn't appear to understand Leadville ethics, however, and they toured around among the gin mills, talking a heap. They were both fairly well loaded up by the time they got around to Nat Brinkerhoff's 'Red Light' saloon, and this made them more garrulous than ever. Lillibridge, quiet for once, stood at the bar when they walked in. He looked at their fine toggery and shiny weapons with astonishment on his face, but without saying a word. One of the young men, the more bolsterous of the two, finally noticed Lillibridge.

"'You're pretty husky looking, pard,' said he, with a dismal attempt at the manner of the frontier swashbuckler. 'Name your poison.'

"Thurston didn't bat an eye or say a word for a full minute. Then he seemed to emerge from his trance, shook himself together and strolled up to the two young men from Camden.

"'Can you two kids run at a lope?' he inquired with mock deference.

"'Run?' said the one who had addressed him. 'Certainly we can run, but we don't make a business of it. Why?'

"'Because,' said Lillibridge, hitching up his trousers, 'us three are a-going to play hoss.'

"'Huh?' said the talkative youth, inquiringly.

"'Hoss, I said!' shouted Lillibridge. 'We're a-goin' to play hoss. I want to find out if you can lope in harness as fast as you can talk.'

"As he spoke he suddenly threw a rope over the two young men's shoulders, hanging on to the two loose ends himself, holding them in his left hand. With his right he reached for one of his guns, and planted a ball about an inch from each of the young men's heels.

"'Git ap!' he howled, and the two Camden boys were out of the door in a second, Lillibridge right behind them with the reins in his left hand, and still kicking up the dust at their heels with the gun in his right.

"'Go a-humpin'! Shake it up! Jest hit the high places!' Lillibridge bawled after them between the cracks of his gun, until they fairly dragged him along, swift runner as he himself was, so fast was the pace the gun persuaded them to take up. Up and down Main street he drove them, the town taking it in with howls of joy.

"'Whoa, there!' yelled Lillibridge, when he had brought his team back to their starting place. Lillibridge unwound the rope from them, and then fanned himself with his hat and waited for the return of his wind.

"'You Shetlands are not so bad on the go,' he said finally, 'but you can't run like you can talk. And you want to learn how and when and where to unship your guns from your purty new belts before you undertake to pack 'em around with you. Why didn't you shoot me up some?'

"The young fellows looked sheepish, but said nothing. Lillibridge took them under his protection from that night, and in time they learned how to make a bluff good.

"This same Thurston Lillibridge was the only man who ever had the drop on that quick trigger man, Bat Masterson, for a minute. He crept up behind Masterson one day, and with a quick movement grabbed both of the Marshal's guns out of his belt. Masterson wheeled around and found himself covered by Lillibridge with his own guns. He stood stock still, expecting to get two balls in his head, for he had had several growls with Lillibridge. Lillibridge lowered the guns and handed them back to Masterson, butts foremost.

"'That's one I've got on you, Bat,' said Lillibridge, 'and it's up to you never to come a-gunnin' for me, marshal or no marshal, no matter what I do. Just pass that up to some one else.'

"'That goes,' said Masterson, briefly, and it did, notwithstanding the fact that there was many a time afterward when it was up to Masterson to gather Lillibridge in or make a finish of it with him.

"The real bad man has always been boisterously bad, and the 'quiet, cool' bad man has never been anything else but a slinker and a counterfeit."

HOW FUNSTON LEADS.

No Truth in the Pictures Which Show Him Waving a Sword.

"There is one thing," writes Sergeant Ozias, "that should be spoken of to correct misapprehension of facts. General Funston is spoken of and pictured as rushing at the insurgents with uplifted sword and scabbard swinging high. He did nothing of the kind, nor did any other officer worthy of being called one. At Marilao I stood (up) on the east bank of the river with the first platoon of Company H, firing over the river at the rebels, to protect Funston and the men crossing the river. None of us were more than ten feet from the river bank, in full view of the enemy and without even a blade of grass to protect us, but they were hid from us. We yelled to Funston that Pennsylvania was attempting to cross to claim our victory. He started on a run as fast as his legs would carry him, shouting to the squad with him, 'Come on, boys; deploy,' and to us, 'Give 'em fits, boys.' Seeing him there without so much as a stick in his hand speeding his way like a shadow through the trees and banana stalks, over fences and bushes, ten yards ahead of his party, still yelling, 'Come on, boys,' stampeding chickens, hogs and dogs from among the houses, would have made a dead man laugh, serious as the affair was. Our platoon was firing at will, yet we guarded it so carefully that none but Filipinos felt it. At Calumpit, when Funston and the eight sets of fours crossed and ran the rebels out of their trenches and won in a few minutes a battle that had been fiercely fought for two days, Funston was again barehanded, as were all officers except a few who carried native canes they had picked up, more as an aid in walking than anything else. I speak of these things to show that the sword should be left out of all pictures of this war; it is ornamental, not useful, and as I was there and saw these events as they happened, I am (modestly) glad to tell of bravery not often paralleled in commanders."—Kansas City Journal.

How Jewelers Identify Gems.

In these days of frequent robberies it is well to adopt some method of identification more sure than that of a simple recognition of one's own jewels. It is next to impossible to pick out one's ring from a collection of twenty. An expert might do it, but few women can.

The best method is the jeweler's method. Every piece of jewelry they own is marked with an identification number. It is scratched by the jeweler as soon as it is bought, and entered on his registry books, with a full description of the setting and each stone. Examine your rings with a microscope and the numbers will be found.

Whenever an article of jewelry is repaired this number, with its repair registry number, is entered on the repair book wherever it is left. This is true of all articles of jewelry, but is particularly noticeable in the repair of watches. Every time a watch is cleaned its new number is scratched somewhere on the inside of the case. One can never deceive a jeweller as to the length of time since the watch was last cleaned, as he has it registered in his books.

If you cannot make out a jewelry descriptive list yourself, your jeweller will fill out the registry for you. Your chances of recovery in case of robbery are greatly increased.

How to Give Children Castor Oil.

Children who refuse to take castor oil make no fuss if it is given in this way: Take one cup of milk, one of treacle, half a cup of sugar, half a cup of castor oil, a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, two of ginger, a little and enough flour to make a stiff paste. Roll out, cut into shapes and bake in a quick oven. One or two are as good as a dose of oil.—Woman's Life.

CALIFORNIA RAISIN-MAKING.

One of the Most Interesting Pomological Sights in the State.

The gang moves in a bunch, clipping off the translucent clusters of muscatels, arranging them upon the trays to shrink and shrivel under the rays of the sun into the concentrated delicacy we know. Behind them the lines of trays lie, a basking array of shimmering fruit, and some one interested is shoving the clusters together, that the tray shall be honestly filled, for the workers are paid by the tray.

After two weeks' exposure to the dry heat the filled trays are ready to be turned so that the grape may be cured evenly. This is accomplished by two men, one on either side, placing an empty tray over the full one, dexterously reversing it, then, carrying the upper one with them, repeating the process on down the row. It is at this stage in the curing that the grape is most delectable.

The amber is changing through ruddy stages to amethyst, and the sun-warmed balls are drops of honey—double distilled, so sweet they make you long with great thirst for the red water tank shimmering in the sunlight forty acres away, but you must eat, and go on eating even while your palate is cloying with the sweetness.

In another week the dried grapes are ready for the sweat boxes. These wide, open boxes contain from 150 to 160 pounds, and as the raisins become sufficiently cured they are sorted from the others and placed therein, broken pieces in separate boxes. These are usually carried to a sweating house, a closed structure, in which they soften and moisten evenly, the drying having made the stems exceedingly brittle, or simply stacked in one corner of the packing house to await the grading and packing.

Cured Him.

"There used to be the greatest hypochondriac in Detroit," remarked an old merchant of the city as he pointed out a retired lumberman.

"Why, he looks the picture of health."

"So he is. Tough as a pine knot. Ought to live to be 100. But when we were younger he was always grunting. He thought he had everything from gout to galloping consumption, and never expected to live the year out. He averaged a quart of medicine a day, to say nothing of external applications."

"What cured him?"

"I did. He growled so much that it always gave me the blue devils to meet him. One day he was telling me the old story of how his days were numbered and how he had complications enough to kill an aligator in twenty-four hours. 'Jim,' said I, 'you make me tired. You're just about as pleasant company as a skull and cross bones. There's nothing on earth the matter with you. Give me $1,000 a year while you live and I'll insure you for $20,000 and secure payment.'"

"Did he take you?"

"Jumped at it. Insisted on paying $1,000 down so as to make it more binding. From that minute he began to get strong and take on flesh. He was worrying about the money I was getting instead of about himself, don't you see? I caught him five years running, and since that he dodges. Never speaks and never sees me. Hates me, I suppose. I'd refund, but he'd be sure to have a relapse," and the old merchant not only chuckled but winked.—Detroit Free Press.

Civilization and the Brick.

It is wonderful how important is the place in the history of civilization filled by the common brick. Man, while yet in the savage or "primitive" state, no doubt managed to build himself houses of wood and leaves—as, for that matter, do some of the lower animals. But it was not until he became part of a regularly organized community, with its subdivision of labor and its common life, that he was able to construct for himself temples and palaces out of uniformly shaped pieces of burnt clay. Hence a collection of Chaldean bricks just exhibited by M. Heuzey, of the Louvre, to the French Academie des Inscriptions, excited greatest interest. The earliest were rudely shaped, evidently made without a mould, and had their upper faces arched, each bricks being marked by way of stamp by the impress of the maker's thumb. These, which were found in some quantity in the very lowest strata excavated at Telloh and Nippur, are considerably over eight thousand years old. Next to these came the bricks made for the city of Sirpurla, bearing the ancient cognizance of that city, an eagle with a lion's head. And so we go through the stamped and dated bricks of kings like Eannadu, who reigned in Babylonia some four thousand years before our era, to the beautifully painted and glazed ones found by Layard on the site of ancient Babylon.—Pall Mall Gazette.

A Sleep-Walking Recruit's Dangerous Freak.

When somnambulists take to the use of firearms, people with their wits about them must needs be wide awake. About 11 o'clock on Tuesday night a recruit belonging to the Second Battalion, King's Shropshire Light Infantry, stationed at Victoria Barracks, Portsmouth, England, got out of bed and fired off a round of ball-cartridge in a crowded barrack-room, which was in darkness. When the lights were turned up the recruit was standing with the smoking rifle in his hand and apparently in a dazed condition. When arrested he stoutly maintained that he was asleep when he fired the rifle, and did not know what he was doing. Fortunately the rifle was directed upwards, and only the ceiling was damaged. The recruit will be tried for being in the unlawful possession of ball-cartridge. Ten rounds of ammunition were found lying near another block of buildings. They had evidently been thrown away by men who feared investigation in consequence of this affair. It is thought that the ammunition was brought back from Browndown by the men who had been exercising in musketry there.

Mad King's Room.

Half way between Munich and Salzburg is the third castle, Herrenchiemsee, built by Ludwig II. This great structure is incompleted, fortunately for already overtaxed Bavaria, for no one could surmise what its cost would have been. One room alone, the renowned bedchamber, could not be duplicated for less than $1,000,000. The vaulted ceiling is one great allegorical painting, the rounded cornice is covered with a score of richly framed mural paintings, the walls are panels of hammered gold of intricate designs, and even the floor is of marvelous pattern.

The only suggestion of the purpose of this wonderful room is the $60,000 bed, with its canopy more magnificent than any that covers a regal throne. In the gorgeous dining room he had erected a disappearing table, which dropped through the floor when a course was finished, and in its place came up another, set and served. He desired this so that servants would be unnecessary in the room, and the most secret state matters could be discussed in safety.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Mouse Catches Flies on the Fly.

"Jimmy," the messenger boy, was looking for some excuse to loiter and he found it by watching a mouse catch flies in a show window on Lawrence street, near Seventeenth. As soon as "Jimmy" stopped he became deeply interested, and his absorbed attention attracted others and in a few minutes a crowd had gathered. The mouse is a past grand master of the art of fly catching. He was better than all the sticky paper in town. A paper now and then permits a fly to escape, but the mouse never. The mouse would lie back, carefully watching a corner of the window, and as soon as a fly alighted on the pane he would spring forward and gather it in. Now and then a fly would attempt to elude the mouse, but the latter would spring up and catch him on the fly.—Denver Republican.

A New Russian "Messiah."

A peasant called Makaroff, who alleges that he is the Messiah, has made his appearance in the Russian province of Samara on the Volga. Makaroff is a middle-aged man, whose features are said to strongly resemble those attributed to Christ by early Byzantine artist. According to Makaroff, Samara and the neighboring provinces are being punished by periodical visitations of pestilence and famine, not as the result of drought, or the scarcity of labor, or any of the alleged causes, but because of the sins and shortcomings of the people. The new Messiah has selected ten women of his following as his special ministrants. These he calls "The ten wise virgins." They serve as his messengers and as the exponents among the peasantry of his peculiar views.—London Globe.

Forty Horseshoes in an Hour.

The recent publication in the Victorian papers that a blacksmith named John Kirk, or Colac, had established a record by making thirty-six horseshoes, with one assistant, within an hour, aroused one Jack Lancaster, a sturdy shoeing smith residing at Singleton, in New South Wales, to make an attempt to beat the record so established. Accordingly, the other morning he and a striker named E. Winsor set about the task, and they not only lowered the Victorian record, but turned out forty shoes in fifty-eight and three-quarter minutes. The sizes were 12½x⅝x7-16—the usual size. The quickest time for a single set was five and one-half minutes. A committee of townsmen superintended the trial. Mr. Lancaster now claims the colonial championship, which he appears to have fairly earned.

Electricity in Glassmaking.

Electricity has been applied to the manufacture of glass. Formerly difficulties were experienced in melting the ingredients owing to particles of coal and cinders entering the crucible, to the injury of the product. These are now eliminated by employing an electric arc within a carbon crucible to fuse the ingredients. Great economy results, as but 40 per cent of the coal formerly used is required. A pot of glass can be melted in fifteen minutes that by the old process would require thirty hours.

Lamb Runs with Hounds for Rabbits.

Mr. Bud Hale, a farmer of the Bostonia neighborhood, put a lamb whose mother had died with a litter of hound pups last spring. It at once took up with the dogs and appeared to enjoy them very much as companions. They have grown enough now to begin to run after rabbits, and the lamb stays with them in all their chases, jumping fences with almost as much ease as the young hounds. It runs the other sheep and they are as afraid of it as they are of the dogs.—Harrodsburg (Ky.) Democrat.

Spain's Queer River.

Extraordinary qualities are possessed by the River Tinto, in Spain. It hardens and petrifies the sand of its bed, and if a stone falls into the stream and alights upon another in a few months they unite and become one stone. Fish cannot live in its waters.

Parrot Lived a Century.

One of the longest lived birds on record died recently in London. It was a parrot named Ducky, the property of the Prince of Wales, and was said to be a century and a quarter old.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED KURTZ, - Editor

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ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made made known on application.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS. Sep. 7

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

SHERIFF,
CYRUS BRUNGART.....Millheim

TREASURER,
WM. T. SPEER.....Bellefonte.

REGISTER,
A. G. ARCHEY.....Ferguson Twp

RECORDER,
J. C. HARPER.....Bellefonte

COMMISSIONER,
DANIEL HECKMAN.....Benner Twp
PHILIP H. MEYER.....Harris Twp

AUDITOR,
JOHN H. BECK.....Walker Twp
W. H. TIBBENS.....College Twp

CORONER,
Dr. W. U. IRWIN.....Huston Twp

The state issue, this fall, is plainly Quayism and dishonesty, or Creasy and purity.

Voting Quay's ticket in November, means to keep in power the fellows who plundered the state treasury to the tune of millions.

When Farmer Creasy delivers his address at the Grange pic-nic, soon to be held at this place, great crowds will want to hear the utterances from the lips of an honest man.

The characters of the nominees on the Democratic county ticket are unblemished and unassailable. A fine tooth comb has been used by them to find a fault, but they have made a haul of nix kum raus.

What's the matter with the Republicans that they want to dodge discussing state issues—their own housekeeping? But Creasy and the Democratic journals and speakers will make them face their work of boodle plunder.

We have information from many districts in the county, and all points to the popularity and triumphant election of our nominee for sheriff, Cyrus Brungart. The name of Brungart has ever been an honored one in Centre county.

The Johannesburg, South Africa, Standard and Diggers' News describes the Boer women as very warlike. They are forming rifle clubs in many districts and petitioning the Transvaal Government against granting the franchise to the Outlanders on the basis of a five-year residence.

A strong movement has been set agoing in New York to fight the trusts, composed of commercial travelers and hotelkeepers. Over a hundred thousand drummers have been thrown out of employment by the trusts, with a general reduction of salaries and wages. The hotelkeepers as a consequence have lost patrons as the drummers have lost employment.

We recently came across one of the prominent business men of central Pennsylvania, a life-long Republican, who informed us of his intention not to vote his party ticket this year because such a vote would be an endorsement of Quayism. He considers it his duty to vote for Creasy. And there are thousands of the same sort.

Wm. T. Speer, our nominee for Co. Treasurer, is a gentleman respected and held in highest esteem by all who know him. His whole life has been one of honest industry; he is a Christian gentleman, and of the most kindly disposition. Any one can vote for Wm. T. Speer with the consciousness of having supported an honest, worthy and deserving citizen.

Candidate Creasy, the champion of Reform in the legislatare, is now busy telling the people from the stump how the machine has plundered them, and how Quay has put up a state ticket composed of men who will continue the thieving methods if elected. Mr. Creasy served in the legislature as an honest man; he saw the astounding corruption, and fought it bravely, but the machine was in the majority.

If John Bull and German Transvaal Boers get into a brush, it will be beef against beer. However, the good queen Vic may not want to smash the Transvaller's jug, Kruger, nor run the risk of having her soldier boys, a la Alger style, dine on poisoned canned beef, and tone down her demands, to avoid a brush between beef and beer.

Judge Greer, at the opening of the Butler county court, had 40 supervisors present upon his request, and laid down the law upon the subject of good roads, in plain language, with the intent that there shall be good roads in Butler county as completely as the law prescribes.

Public opinion would sustain his honor, Judge Love, if he would have the township supervisors appear before him at a term of court, to be instructed as to the requirements of the law pertaining to good roads, and demand of them a throwing aside of the old-fogy system of roadmaking for the method of modern experience that has given such excellent roads to some localities. There are some abominable roads in Centre county, all know why, oft utter incompetents are chosen as supervisors, again a crank who sticks to the old way. Let us have better roads.

When candidate Creasy talks to the farmers and taxpayers in general, at the grange picnic here, they will learn astounding truths about machine corruption, from one who was on the spot and saw and heard and noted the corrupt doings and fought each one inch by inch, but was outvoted. Mr. Creasy has a legislative record without a blemish. He heroically stood up for the interests of the taxpayers and these cannot consistently refuse to vote for Mr. Creasy as the watch-dog in the Treasury department.

With a short crop of wheat in our our own country, a short crop in Russia and some other wheat producing countries, it begins to be a mystery to farmers why the price is kept down to 60 and 65 cents instead of $1, or even up to twice 60 cents. Well, farmers, the great milling Trust is doing it, to buy up all the wheat at a losing price for the farmer, and then, as soon as the octopus has control of it, up goes the price! the Trust rakes in millions and the farmer loses so much rightfully belonging to him, and what is left him is the rakings for his bread.

The trusts are fast getting in their work, and putting up prices.

Beef up 2 and 3 cents a pound.
Glassware up.
Leather up.
Shoes up.
Iron up.
Matches up.
Nails up.
Woolen goods up.
Coal oil up.
Brooms up.
Tin up.
Coal up.

The only thing not up, is the farmers' grain, and they were promised higher prices.

There will soon be at the disposal of the War Department, says the Record, a military force of about 96,000 men, and this large and powerful army may be retained in the service of the Government until July 1, 1901, without change or diminution.

The people will cheerfully pay the enormous cost of this extraordinary accession to our military strength, in the confident belief that when the necessity for such a vast army shall no longer exist the superfluous soldiers will be quickly returned to pursuits of peace.

Farmer Creasy's Pledge.

I pledge myself to uncompromising hostility to all corrupt practices and illegal methods that have been the rule of the Machine Treasurers in the past. If elected, I will regard myself as holding a commission from the people and administer the office for their sole use and benefit.—Farmer Creasy at Williamsgrove.

The Reason for Meat Extortion.

With a candor so extraordinary that it might justly be characterized as insolent, a representative of a meat packing firm has explained to the World the disastrous advance in the price of meat.

There is no scarcity of cattle, he says, and hogs are selling at the Chicago stock yards at lower prices than they brought a year ago. But the American Meat Trust desires to control the British market and drive out Australian competition. To that end it is selling enormous quantities of meat in England at a loss, and it has decided to make the American people pay the loss. By shipping large quantities of meat to England it creates an appearance of scarcity here, and with that for excuse it has raised prices here from twenty to fifty per cent., so that its dividends may not be impaired by its losses abroad.

As for the retailers, this packer's representative cooly says, they must protect themselves by advancing retail prices. As for the hungry people, the Trust is not concerned about them.

The name of United States Attorney General is John W. Griggs, and he is that sort of Attorney General who thinks it would be "super-officious" for him to try to enforce the law of the land against Trusts.—World.

Rolling Mill Takes a New Start.

Captain H. S. Taylor and A. B. Taylor have leased from the Empire Steel & Iron Company the rolling mill in connection with the old Valentine furnace plant at Bellefonte. Work was begun on Tuesday making the necessary repairs for an immediate resumption. The mill has been idle over seven years. It will give employment to 60 men.

Captain Taylor is one of Bellefonte's rising young men of enterprise and push.

The Old TELEPHONE RENTAL RATES have been reduced. The manager of your exchange will explain the New Rates if you make inquiry.

LATE NEWS NOTES.

Democratic candidate Creasy will speak at the grange exhibition, Centre Hall, Sept. 20.

August 1, it is reported, there would be another rise in coal—the third for this summer.

All Philadelphia and all York had their best Sunday-go-to-meetin's on all this week.

Admiral Dewey will not go to sea again; says if not called out by another war he will retire.

Dewey, on his homeward trip reached Gibraltar Monday morning, and will leave for New York on 11th.

A Russian Prince, Cantacuzene, has arrived at New York, and is to marry Julia, a grand-daughter of General Grant.

It is confidently said that candidate Creasy will get 2000 Republican votes in York county. From other counties come similar reports.

The plague is spreading and there are gloomy reports from Bombay, and in addition to the plague starvation is staring them in the face.

England and the Transvaalers are to have another confab which is likely to result in a settlement of their dispute without resorting to war.

Heat killed three veterans who marched in Philadelphia's big parade, and 350 persons of the sight seeing crowds were prostrated by the heat.

Philadelphia and York had big decorations and celebrations this week. The first in honor of the meeting of the G. A. R., and the arrival of Sampson's fleet. York celebrated its Sesquicentennial, in great style with a program covering four days.

Wm. Mercer, of Raccoon Creek, W. Va., has married five sisters. Not all at once, of course; but when one wife died Mr. Mercer married her sister. In a word, Mr. Mercer fell in love with the clan Moffatt, and the Moffatts agreed they must keep Mr. Mercer in the family.

Two fellows up in Luzerne, loved the same girl, and she loved the two; being unable to decide between them she proposed they fight it out, and on Monday, accordingly the prize fight was had and the girl was the star looker-on with some other friends of the fighters. They were both severely bruised from the pummeling and the one becoming the loser, the girl took the arm of the victor, and, saying "Good boy, Mike," walked off with him.

Four Thousand Smiths Celebrate.

Four thousand of the Smith family held a reunion at Peapack, N. J., a few days ago. All of them trace their ancestry to a certain John Smith, who came to that part of the country as a boy 160 years ago. Whether he was a relative of John Smith of the Pocahontas love affair is not known, but it is generally asserted by the Smiths who were around at the reunion that they have some of his blood in their veins. They were a jolly lot of people, these celebrating Smiths.

It is not likely that the Smiths will ever become extinct; they are so numerous everywhere. Centre county has a goodly share of them. In fact the name of Smith outnumbers any score of other family names, and they are so wonderfully on the spread that, by our calculation, in 500 years all other names will be absorbed, and all men will go by the name of Smith, and then will be the beginning of the Millenium.

The Reporter is strongly of the opinion that the first man's name was Smith and at the baptism he was named Adam—Adam Smith.

Farm Notes.

Farmers are busy seeding and the soil is in good condition for it.

All the peach orchards in this county are minus a crop this fall.

The harm done to the corn crop in Brushvalley, by the white grub worm, is serious. One farmer informs us that from 16 acres he does not expect to get over one wagon load of corn. The apple crop throughout that valley will be light.

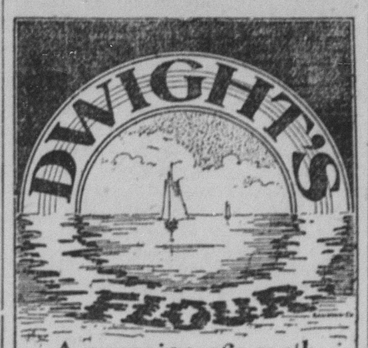
An observing Miles township farmer is of the opinion that the white grub worm which has ruined the corn crop down there will end its ravages with this season and not appear again hereafter.

TELEPHONE service is the cheapest thing on earth, when measured by the advantages gained to you in its use.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases. Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts.
Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

Fresh Meat Service by Ishler.

Hereafter Ishler's meat wagon will be in Centre Hall three times a week, on mornings of Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. During the grange pic-nic the meat wagon will be in Centre Hall each morning until close of the pic-nic. 3t



A promise of worth fulfilled in every barrel or sack bearing the brands
Golden Link or *Tuberose.*
Please ask your Dealer for it today
If your grocer don't have it in stock, ask him to order same from Allison Bros., Spring Mills, or Bellefonte mill agents.

Sale Register.

SEPT. 30—Jacob Neese, Farmers Mills, at 1 p. m. one-horse spring wagon, copper kettle, 2 iron kettles, organ, bedsteads, 3 tables, corner cupboard, 2 sinks, 2 cook stoves, clock, chairs, tubs, meat vessels, cider barrels, barrel pure cider vinegar, etc.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE PREMISES OF the undersigned, 2 miles west of Tusseyville, about August 15th, a stray steer, black and white spotted. Owner shall prove property, pay all costs and remove same, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law.
A. O. DETWEILER,
Tusseyville, Pa.

FOR SALE.—A Berkshire sow, has five fine pigs, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to H. W. DINGES, Centre Hall, Pa. 33?

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Dr. Wm. A. Jacobs, late of Centre Hall Borough, county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Lizzie M. Jacobs, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known same without delay.
LIZZIE M. JACOBS. Adm'r.
CLEMENT DALE, Att'y, Centre Hall, Pa.
Bellefonte, Pa. aug31-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of William Weaver, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. WM. M. GROVE, Adm'r.
aug31-6t Centre Hill, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of Daniel Fleisher, late of Centre Hall Borough, deceased, having been lawfully granted to the undersigned, they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. The notes held by the estate of the deceased, will be left in the Penns Valley Bank for collection.
J. B. FLEISHER,
WM. A. KERR,
aug17-6t Executors

FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS FARM.—IF you are desirous of purchasing a first-class farm at a reasonable price, here is an opportunity such as you will seldom find: The undersigned offers at private sale what is known as the John Wagner farm, situate about one and one-fourth miles west of Tusseyville, in Potter township, and containing about 149 acres of farm land, and about 12 acres of good timber land. This is one of the most desirable farms in Penns valley; is under a high state of cultivation; almost entirely level; contains no waste land; a large barn, good substantial house, out-buildings, wagon and implement sheds; good orchard, water, and all the conveniences of a first-class farm; only one-fourth mile to schools, and one and one-fourth miles to churches and stores. If you desire to purchase a farm that is productive and in an excellent state of cultivation, do not fail to examine this property. For information, call upon or address
N. B. SPANGLER,
aug24-6t Bellefonte, Pa.

VALUABLE FARMS AT PRIVATE SALE.—The heirs of Mrs. Mary P. Wilson, deceased, offer the following farms at private sale:
1st The farm situated in Potter township, on the Lewisburg and Old Fort Turnpike, about ¾ mile east of Old Fort and one mile from Centre Hall station, containing 235 acres more or less. The soil is principally limestone and under good cultivation; large Bank Barn, Dwelling House, and all the necessary outbuildings; a never failing spring of water piped to the buildings.
Also, The farm known as the Station farm, containing 250 acres of good limestone land, situated at the Centre Hall R. R. Station; thereon erected a new two story Dwelling House, large Bank Barn and all the necessary outbuildings; water from Centre Hall reservoir piped to the buildings; two good orchards. Both of the above farms are located so as to conveniently divide into two farms. They will be sold as a whole, or in part, to suit the purchaser. Title perfect and terms easy. For further particulars write or call on Mrs. Laura Elliott, Bellefonte, or Geo. M. Boal, Centre Hall. Aug 10-6t

$200 00 IN GOLD GIVEN FOR SELLING THE Life and Letters of Dewey, by A. M. Dewey, Under the Direction and Co-operation of the Admiral's Family.—The International News & Book Company of Baltimore, Md., offer $200.00 to any one for selling 165 copies of this book in three months. Greatest selling book offered to the American public in ten years. This is the only authorized, and complete life of the Admiral published. Drop cheap and inferior books on so-called lives. The only book upon this subject that an enterprising, wide-awake, up-to-date agent can afford to handle. Its title awakens pride, its context inspires patriotism, its suggestions arouse enthusiasm, its illustrations convey real knowledge beyond the power of words, its high purpose creates high ideals, its sale is immense, its success assured, its demand as wide as the continent. Complete outfit free; 50 cents must be sent for postage and packing. Freight paid; credit given. Write them quick. aug24-2t

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Always some specialties. Give me a call.

C. A. KRAPE,
SPRING MILLS.

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HAND LAUNDRY
Centre Hall, Pa.
Jacob H. Zong, - Proprietor.
We use the soap that tackles the dirt and not the shirt.
Linen sent to this laundry is washed white, not whitewashed.
Collars and Cuffs Laundered with..
SMOOTH IVORY-LIKE EDGES.:
"Union Finish."
The Top Notch in Laundry Art
High Gloss or Dull Finish.
Clay W. Reesman,
Agent for Centre Hall.

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LOCATED IN ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND HEALTHFUL SPOTS IN THE ALLEGHENY REGION; UNDENOMINATIONAL; OPEN TO BOTH SEXES; TUITION FREE; BOARD AND OTHER EXPENSES VERY LOW. NEW BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT.
LEADING DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY.
1. AGRICULTURE and HORTICULTURE, with constant illustrations on the Farm and in the Laboratory.
2. BIOLOGY, BOTANY and ZOOLOGY. Original study with the microscope.
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4. { CIVIL ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING; MECHNICAL ENGINEERING MINING ENGINEERING; } These courses are accompanied with very extensive practical exercises in the Field, the Shop, and the Laboratory.
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12. MILITARY SCIENCE: instruction theoretical and practical, including each arm of the service.
13. PREPARATORY COURSE; One year.
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Specifics act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. **They Cure the Sick.**

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
5	Dysentery, Gripings, Bilious Colic...	.25
6	Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
17	Piles, External or Internal.....	.25
18	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough.....	.25
21	Asthma, Difficult Breathing.....	.25
22	Ear Discharge, Earache.....	.25
23	Scrofula, Swellings and Ulcers.....	.25
24	General Debility, Weakness.....	.25
25	Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations.....	.25
26	Sea-Sickness, Nausea, Vomiting....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
29	Sore Mouth, or Canker.....	.25
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed...	.25
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32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitations.	1.00
33	Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance.....	1.00
34	Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria...	.25
35	Chronic Congestions, Headaches..	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

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For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.
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PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect May 21 1899.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.32 a. m.—Train 20. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.08 p. m., Baltimore 11.55 p. m., Washington 1 00 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.27 a. m.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Hazleton, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.25 p. m.—Train 8. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

5.01 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 2.53 a. m. Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8 11 p. m.—Train 6. Weekdays for Sunbury Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.35 a. m., New York at 7.23 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.04 a. m.—Train 4. (Daily.) For Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.52 a. m., New York, 9.38 a. m week days, 10.28 a. m. Sunday, Baltimore, 6.25 a. m., Washington, 7.45, a. m. Pullman sleeping cars to Philadelphia, and Washington, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleepers to Rochester and Erie

10.03 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 15. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

6.15 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9.43 p. m.—Train 13. Daily for Lock Haven, and intermediate stations

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 31 leaves New York 12.10 night, Philadelphia 4.30 a m, Baltimore 4.55 a m, Harrisburg 8.05 a m, daily, Wilkesbarre, 7 30 a. m. Week-days arriving at Montandon 10 03 a m.

Train 15 leaves Philadelphia 8.40 a m, Washington 7.55 a m, Baltimore 8.55 a m, Willkesbarre 10 55 a m, week days, arriving at Montandon 1.31 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 1 leaves New York 8.55 a m, Phila., 12.25 p m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 12.00 m, Wilkesbarre 3.05 p m, arriving at Montandon at 6.05 p m, week days, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore.

Train 21 leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.35 p m, weekdays, 4.30 p. m., Sundays, Washington 3.30 p m, Baltimore 4.35 p m daily, Wilkesbarre, 6.00 pm. (week days) arriving at Montandon 9.45 p m. Through Parlor Car from Philadelphia, week days, and passenger coach from Philadelphia and Washington

Train 3 leaves New York at 7.55 p m, Philadelphia 11.20 p m, Washington 10.40 p m, Baltimore 11.55 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5.33 a m, with through Pullman sleeping car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward. P M	A.M.	STATIONS.	A M	Eastward. P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 38	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 53	6 48	Biehl	8 58	4 39
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 03	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 22	7 15	Glen Iron	8 26	4 09
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 45
2 59	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.18 a. m., 9.48 a m, 1.15 5.50 and 8.00 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.35, 9.30 a. m, 10.05 a. m. 5.05, 6.08 p m, and 8 15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.04 a m and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9 30 a. m., 10.06 a.m. and 5.04 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager
J. E. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r Agt

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12 8	8?	2 2	STATIONS.	WESTWARD 12	7?	11?
P M	P M	A M	Ar, Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 27	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 25	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 21	Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brisly	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 06
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down. No. 1	No 5	No 3	May 18, 1896.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p.m.	p. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m	a. m.
‡7 20	‡7 30	‡3 45	BELLEFONTE	10 04	6 10	10 10
7 34	7 44	3 57	Nigh	9 49	5 57	9 56
7 41	7 50	4 03	Zion	9 43	5 51	9 50
7 46	7 55	4 08	Hecla Park	9 38	5 46	9 45
7 48	7 57	4 10	Dunkles	9 36	5 44	9 43
7 52	8 01	4 14	HUBLERSBG	9 32	5 40	9 39
7 56	8 05	4 18	Snydertown	9 28	5 37	9 35
7 58	8 07	4 20	Nittany	9 25	5 35	9 33
8 00	8 09	4 22	Huston	9 23	5 33	9 31
8 02	8 11	4 24	LAMAR	9 21	5 31	9 29
8 04	8 13	4 26	Clintondale	9 19	5 29	9 26
8 09	8 19	4 31	Krider's S'n g.	9 14	5 24	9 21
8 16	8 25	4 37	Mackeyville	9 08	5 18	9 15
8 23	8 32	4 43	Cedar Springs	9 01	5 12	9 09
8 25	8 34	4 45	Salona	8 59	5 11	9 07
8 30	8 40	4 50	MILL HALL	‡8 53	‡5 05	‡9 01
9 30	9 20		Jersey Shore	4 30		7 55
10 05	9 55		Arr. Wm'PO'T Lve	4 00		‡7 25
‡10 20	‡11 30		Lve Arr.	2 40		‡6 55
‡5 08	7 10		PHILA	‡8 35		‡11 30
8 32	10 30		Atlantic City	7 00		5 30
6 00			NEW YORK (Via Tamequa.)	‡4 30		
7 25	‡9 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila.)			‡7 30
p. m	a. m.		Arr Lve.	a. m.		p m

*Daily. †Week Days. ‡6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‖10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to Eastbound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.30 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

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PERSONAL MENTION.

Coming and Going.—Visitors in and out of Town.

——Hon. Wm. M. Allison, of Spring Mills, was a Centre Hall visitor on Tuesday.

——Wm. G. Runkle, Esq., of Bellefonte, was a prominent visitor in town Tuesday.

——Grant Hoover, of Bellefonte, was in town Tuesday, on insurance business.

——Mrs. Annie Van Pelt and Mrs. S. W. Smith spent Friday with friends at State College.

——Rev. S. H. Deitzell and wife were guests at the home of Mrs. Mary McClenahan yesterday.

——Misses Helen and Roxie Mingle, of Bellefonte, visited with friends in Centre Hall over Sunday.

——Mr. Boyd Wilson and wife, of Millheim, were the guests of his brother Thomas Wilson, over Sunday.

——Mrs. Samuel Limbert, of Lock Haven, was the guest of Mrs. M. Derstine, on Friday and Saturday last.

——Capt. Hugh S. Taylor and family, of Bellefonte, were entertained at the home of W. A. Sandoe on Sunday.

——Recorder J. C. Harper and wife, of Bellefonte, were over on a visit among friends for several days the last week.

——Miss Romie Van Pelt left this morning for Hastings, Pa., where she will visit her brother John for several days.

——Mr. Irvin Beasor, with wife and daughter Miss Louisa, of Harrisburg, were the guests of the family of Alfred Krape last week.

——Miss Esty R. Durst, who holds a position in the Reformatory at Morganza, is at her home near Spring Mills on a few weeks' vacation.

——Landlord William Runkle and daughter Miss Pearl, went to York, Pa., Saturday morning, to take in the big celebration going there this week.

——Miss Emma McCoy went to Lock Haven on Tuesday morning, being called there by the serious illness of her aunt, Mrs. Hannah Van Dyke.

——S. Paul Dinges, of Williamsport, was here several days the latter part of last week on a visit to his brother Harry, and looking up the insurance business.

——Mrs. Michael Derstine and daughter Miss Rebecca, returned last week from a six weeks' visit to Rev. M. Shaffer Derstine, at East Waterford, Perry county.

——Jeff Shaffer has purchased an interest in T. C. Bartges' photo gallery. The new firm will cover the country at all fairs and gatherings just as soon as their new equipment arrives.

——Miss Mary Potter, daughter of John I. Potter, of Milesburg, but for several years past residing in California, and now east on a visit, is the guest of her uncle Henry Potter the last week.

——Dr. John I. Robison, of Philadelphia, the physician who purchased Dr. Alexander's residence, arrived last Friday and is now a citizen of Centre Hall. He is a native of Centre county and is getting back among his friends again.

——Harry G. Long, Spring Mills' enterprising merchant, was a prominent visitor yesterday. He will occupy a building on grange park during the picnic, displaying a fine line of goods, and was here completing negotiations.

——Wm. Stiver, of near Potters Mills, went to Philadelphia on Monday to attend the G. A. R. encampment. He represents the Samuel Shannon Post of Centre Hall, and is the only member from this vicinity in attendance.

——Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Rhoads returned home on Monday from a visit of nearly two weeks among old friends in New Berlin. They made the trip overland by buggy and on their way home took in the United Evangelical campmeeting at Loganton.

——Jared Stem, of Freeport, Ill., a brother of Mrs. Michael Derstine, arrived here Monday on a visit and favored the Reporter with a call. He once was a resident of Tusseyville, and left there 37 years ago, this being his first appearance here since he left.

——Harry Bibighaus, of Philadelphia, the popular hardware salesman, was doing our valley last week, making his headquarters for several days in Centre Hall. He was accompanied in his rounds by his niece, Miss Belle Bibighaus, of Mifflinburg.

Mifflin County Deaths.

Recent Mifflin county deaths: In Belleville, a son of Harry Roop, aged 8 months. In Milroy, L. H. Davidson, aged 56 years. In Lewistown, Mary E. Martin, aged 61 years.

Belleville, Fred. Boyer, aged 61 y.
Kansas, W. H. Powell, aged 77 y.
Oliver tp., W. H. Kaufman, age 77.

Take advantage of a TELEPHONE. The old RATES have been reduced and the New RATES make the service you need within your reach. See the manager of The Exchange about having a Telephone put in.

Try the Reporter for all job printing

SPRING MILLS.

What Our Correspondent Finds of Interest in that Busy Town.

All our merchants report a very fair business during August.

Coal operations in this neighborhood appears to be in a quiescent state.

School commenced here on Monday last, with quite a large attendance.

Quite a number of our old veterans left on Monday for Philadelphia, to attend the encampment held in that city this week.

Edward and Harry Confer have resigned their respective positions in the Spring Mills Planing Mill and will attend school this fall and winter. Calvin Zerby, a very active young man, has been employed by the company to fill one of the vacancies.

Last week B. F. Shaffer of our village, lost or had stolen a valuable hunting dog of a dark red color, with white feet and a white ring around his neck, answers to the name of Dingo. Mr. Shaffer prizes the animal very highly and will pay a liberal reward for his return and no questions asked.

Edwin Ruhl will enter the restaurant business on the 16th inst., in the Grange Hall, located on the corner of the avenue and creek road, an excellent location. He will keep in stock fresh candies, nuts, choice fruits, water ices and ice cream, also a high grade of tobacco and cigars; oysters will be on sale at a later date and will be served in any style desired. Mr. Ruhl intends making his restaurant first class in every respect.

A day or two since I stepped into that bee hive of business—the carpet factory of J. I. Condo to see his new styles for fall and winter sales. The samples are beautiful, the colorings bright and lively. Mr. Condo is now manufacturing what is called a western carpet, which is entirely different from the eastern make and is attracting very considerable attention, from the fact that it requires much less material, yet the carpet has a body almost as firm and solid as a board. Mr. Condo has only recently introduced this western idea, and it seems to take like wild fire. He observed to me that if orders continued to be received like they have of late, he would be forced to double the capacity of his factory. The roll he opened for my inspection was quite a beauty, the colors beautifully blended and indeed had the appearance of a ten-wire tapestry carpet, when in fact it was manufactured for the ridiculous figure of 26 cents per yard. At such prices no wonder his factory is being operated to its utmost capacity and frequently running over time.

COBURN.

Diphtheria Prevalent in this Section.—Five Fatal Cases Have been Reported.

Quite a number of our people were in Bellefonte attending court last week.

The painters are putting the finishing touches upon P. S. Meyer's house this week.

Labor Day was not generally observed as a holiday, many not knowing that it is a legal holiday.

Frank Hackenberg is considering an offer of cooking in a lumber camp near Lewisburg. He has not fully decided yet to go.

W. W. Koonsman has rented the house vacated by W. H. Kerstetter some time ago, and moved his family into it one day last week.

A small child belonging to A. B. and Clara Kern, of near this place, died on Saturday and was buried on Monday, at Paradise church.

The members of the prospective Cornet band met in the school house on Saturday evening for the first time to effect an organization; your scribe cannot say whether they succeeded or not.

Master Stanley Burd took his departure for his home at Bellwood, Blair county, on Monday evening. He generally spends the summer months with his uncle, P. H. Stover, at this place.

The only child of William and Blanche Witmyer, died on Monday, August 28th, and was buried on Wednesday, August 31st, at Aaronsburg. The said child had been afflicted for some time with a very irritating skin disease, which terminated fatally on the above date.

There seems to be a prevalence of diphtheria in this section at present. Two fatal cases at Millheim, one at this place thus far, and two cases at Aaronsburg that are yet dangerous. The health authorities, as well as all persons, should take all precautions to prevent its spreading. Schools are about to begin, and if the necessary steps are not taken, it may seriously interfere with the operations of our schools.

Annie, the eight-year-old daughter of R. F. and Emma J. Vonada, of this place, departed this life on Saturday afternoon, September 2nd, after a two days' sickness of that dread disease diphtheria. The little patient first began to complain on Wednesday night, and on Saturday afternoon her spirit took its flight to the Supreme Being who gave it life. Thus one by one God, in his allwise providence plucks the dear treasures from the earth, and leaves sad hearts to repine their sudden departure.

Two of our young men from one of the suburbs of our quiet little town drove to the Business Men's picnic last Thursday, intending to come home together in the evening. Somehow they got separated on the ground, one of them wandered to Lock Haven and then to Bellefonte, where he stayed for the night, the other was waiting on the ground for him to turn up. He had a long wait of it, as his chum came home on the 7:50 train the next morning via Lemont. When last seen of the one who had wandered away, he was going on a bicycle in the direction of Madisonburg and thence to Hecla Park, in search of his lost companion with the horse and buggy.

TUSSEYVILLE.

Personal Mention and Other Items of Interest from that Section.

Miss Ethel Irwin, of Cowan, Pa., is the guest of her friend, Miss Cora Love.

Farmers in our community are busy cutting corn and putting out their seeding.

The village camp meeting held by the United Evangelical congregation, will open today.

Rev. Mitterling preached in the Bethany United Evangelical church on last Sunday evening.

Quite a number of our people attended the picnic at Hecla Park last Thursday; they report a nice time.

Miss Ella Mersinger left last week for State College, where she expects to remain during the coming winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Krumrine with their visitors, Mr. and Mrs. John Wagner, spent Sunday with friends near State College.

Thomas Swartz has almost decided to remain a bachelor, since the social on Saturday evening; perhaps he will hand in an application to Pat. Garity for half his tent.

The social held by the K. L. C. E. Society of the Bethany United Evangelical church on Saturday evening, was a success, and all enjoyed a very pleasant evening.

LEMONT.

A Letter of Interest from that Busy Town, Gathered by Our Correspondent.

The school board has adopted Cyr's series of readers and the vertical system of writing.

Forest Bullock, of Milesburg, is now making the anvil ring in the coach shop of S. B. Wasson.

Woods Bathgate has gone to Philipsburg for a few days, to distribute books he sold while canvassing there.

D. M. Tate has rented Mrs. Evan Williams' house, and will occupy it in a few days, not alone, but with the lady whom he promised to love, cherish and obey.

J. E. Wagner and R. U. Wasson, who have been two of our efficient school teachers, will lay aside their pedagogical robes and return to College again.

George H. Bottorf disposed of his household goods at public sale, on Saturday, and the following Monday departed with his family for Pittsburg, where he has secured a lucrative position with the railroad company.

The schools will open on Monday, in charge of the following corps of instructors: Lemont, J. A. Williams and L. S. Bottorf; Oak Hall, George Glenn and D. M. Tate; Branch, Edwin H. Williams; Dale's Summit, G. W. R. Williams; Centre Furnace, Robert Herman; Pleasant View, Sophia H. Thompson.

An Innocent Lamb.

Nineteen witnesses were called at Clearfield, to testify in the case of Mrs. Sarah Kline vs. George W. Mattern. The price of a scrubby lamb was all that was between the litigants, but the three prominent attorneys smiled serenely as they received their retainers, and nineteen witnesses filed bills of costs, while three arbitrators each earned $1. The case was quite complicated and compared very closely with the western calf case, which cost two neighbors four valuable farms while seeking vindication.

To Meet in Bellefonte.

The sixteenth annual convention of the W. C. T. U. will meet in Bellefonte Monday and Tuesday, September 11 and 12.

The old TELEPHONE RENTAL RATES have been reduced to a minimum, and the time saved by the use of a TELEPHONE is incalculable.

Makes a Correction.

Mr. Editor;—In your last week's issue, in your report of Court proceedings, the case of M. Shires vs. Ezra H. and Emma L. Auman was somewhat misstated, and I ask to correct you:

In December 1897, Ezra H. Auman had me insure his life in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of Newark, N. J., in the sum of $1000 00, for the benefit of his wife, Emma L. Auman, annual premium being $47.85.

In order to procure this policy it was necessary for his wife to join him with her signature to the application. This Ezra H. Auman did himself, stating that he was his wife's agent, and had a right to sign her name. The policy was issued, delivered, and payment of premium promised me from time to time for over one year when they returned policy to me with the statement it was not wanted. The premium was paid the company by me in December 1897, on the strength of policy having been accepted and payment of premium promised me in a "short time."

In February 1899, judgment was obtained Ezra H. Auman and Emma L. Auman for the account of premium, before a justice.

Ezra H. Auman claimed he was insolvent, and Emma L. Auman appealed to court and was exonerated from any liability—on the legal ruling that an agent cannot bind his principal in a special contract without his presence and consent. It may be worth $47.85, some att'y fees and costs to learn *how* to deal and with *whom* you deal.

Very Truly
M. SHIRES.

Spring Mills, Pa.
Sept. 5, '99.

Real Estate Transfers.

Conrad Miller to Malisa Crawford, a house and lot, Spring twp., $600.

J. C. Snook to Michael Kerstetter, 67 acres in Miles, $250.

David F. Bowersox to John D. Hess for 20 acres in Haines twp., $2700.

Arch. Moore to Maud Moore, house and lot in College twp., $1000.

Henry Smull to G. W. Crouse, for 3 acres in Miles, $310.

John Stoner to David T. Stoner, 151 acres in Potter twp., $4040.

Chronic Diarrhoea Cured.

This is to certify that I have had chronic diarrhoea ever since the war. I got so weak I could hardly walk or do anything. One bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me sound and well.

J. R. GIBBS, Fincastle, Va.

I had chronic diarrhoea for twelve years. Three bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me.

S. L. SHAVER, Fincastle, Va.

Both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Shaver are prominent farmers and reside near Fincastle, Va. They procured the remedy from Mr. W. E. Casper, a druggist of that place, who is well acquainted with them and will vouch for the truth of their statements. For sale by J. H. Ross, Linden Hall; S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; H. F. Rossman, Spring Mills.

Weekly Weather Report—Centre Hall.
Government Service.

Temperature:	Highest.	Lowest.	
Sept. 1	77	69	part cloudy.
" 2	80	65	part cloudy.
" 3	85	63	part cloudy.
" 4	79	56	clear.
" 5	79	48	clear.
" 6	80	66	clear.

Rainfall: On 1, forenoon, .18 inch; at night, .19 inch.
On 6, morning, .09 inch.
The total rainfall in August was 3.79 inches.

The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It also heals the injured parts more quickly than any other treatment, and without the burn is very severe does not leave a scar. For sale by J. H. Ross, Linden Hall; S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; H. F. Rossman, Spring Mills.

GRAIN MARKET.

New Wheat	55
Wheat	60
Rye	40
Corn	35
New Oats	29
Barley	40
Buckwheat	

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	18
Eggs	12
Lard	5
Shoulders	8
Ham	12
Tallow	4
Potatoes	25
Sides	5

SPRING MILLS GRAIN MARKET.
Corrected every Wednesday by Allison Bros.

New Wheat	55
Wheat	60
Corn	35
Oats	29
Rye	35
Barley	30

LINDEN HALL MARKET.
Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	65
Wheat, white	63
Corn ears	35
Shelled Corn	36
Rye	40
Oats	29
Barley	36
New Potatoes	50
Eggs	18
Butter	18
Lard	5½
Ham	12
Shoulder	8
Bacon	5
Roller flour	$1 00

MARKETS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 6.

Wheat, No. 2, Penn'a red, spot 69½ a70.

Corn, No. 2, 39c.

Oats, No. 2 white, clipped, 28c.

Live Poultry, per pound:

Hens 11c; old roosters, 7½c.

Spring chickens, 10a11c; heavy ones 12c.

Ducks, 9a10c.

Baled Hay and Straw, per ton:

Timothy hay, choice, 14a14.50.

Mixed hay, 12a12.50.

Straight rye straw, 10.50.

Wheat and oats straw, $7.

Apples, handpicked, $1a1.50 per bbl., windfalls, 50a60c per bbl.

Watermelons per 100, $4a10.

Cantaloupes, per basket, 10a22c.

Peaches, per basket, choice, extra large, 1.25a1.50; prime 80ca$1.

Potatoes, choice, 48a50c.

Onions, per bbl., 1.25.

Good Enough to Take.

The finest quality of loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to that of maple syrup, making it very pleasant to take. As a medicine for the cure of coughs, colds, la grippe, croup and whooping cough it is unequaled by any other. It always cures, and cures quickly. For sale by J. H. Ross, Linden Hall; S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; H. F. Rossman, Spring Mills.

Pain Unnecessary in Childbirth.

Pain is no longer necessary in childbirth. Its causes, being understood, are easily overcome, the labor being made short, easy and free from danger, morning sickness, swelled limbs, and like evils readily codtrolled, and all female diseases speedily cured. Cut this out; it may save your life, suffer not a day longer, but send us 2 cent stamp, and receive in sealed envelope full particulars, testimonials, confidential letter, &c. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Baltimore, Md. mar198m

Schissler College

Prominent Business Men

Who have employed our graduates tell us that we are too modest in our claims of superiority in training young men and women for business

ONE OF A THOUSAND

"Your College evidently understands the art of making its graduates of PRACTICAL use to PRACTICAL men, if I may judge from Miss Abbie M. Leonard who has most acceptably filled the position of stenographer and bookkeeper in my office since leaving your College.

I thank you for having given me such assistance and shall certainly recommend Schissler College to any one in need of competent and thoroughly practical help.

Yours very truly,"

ELI H. ELDREDGE.

Typewriter Repair Works, 16 S. Broad St., Phila.

Don't you think it would be wise to prepare for business at Schissler College? Send for Illustrated Prospectus.

A most complete and successful mail course is provided for those who cannot attend personally. Particulars mailed on request.

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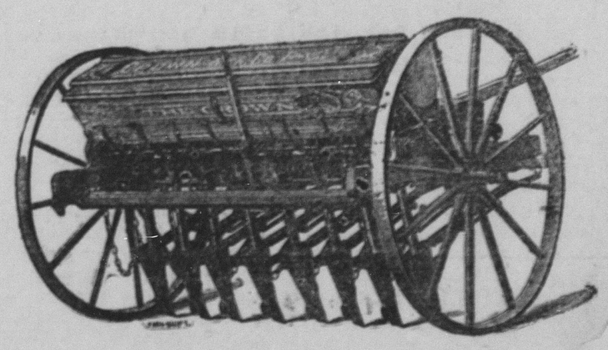
A Cleaning-Out Sale

Of Farm Implements for the Next 30 Days, that will Save from 25 to 30 per cent. to Farmers.



Look at the Prices Below.

26 inch 8-Foot Steel Drum 2-Section Roller,	$16.50
The Old, Original Perry Harrow, Lined, 18-Tooth,	9.00
" " " " 22-Tooth,	13.00
17-Tooth D. M. O. & Co. Lever Harrow,	14.00
15-Tooth " " "	13.00
60-Tooth D. M. O. & Co. Spike Harrow,	9.50
Light House Feed Cutter,	2.50
No. 14 Vulcan Plow, complete,	9.50

Crown Drill will be sold at the lowest price, and all orders must be accompanied by cash and prompt shipment will be made.

IRA C. KORMAN,
OAK HALL STA. - - - - - PENNA.

For a Good Penny Picture

Come to my gallery.

I will make Penny Pictures every Saturday until further notice.

15 Genuine Photos 15cts.

Cabinets, Mantellos, ...and Florentines

All sizes and styles of photos furnished. Crayon Work, Pastel and India Ink, and Water Colors supplied, at prices guaranteed to be lower than others. Out-door views a specialty.

Carbons guaranteed as good as the best from $1.75 to $3.00.

T. C. BARTGES,
Centre Hall.
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BANKS.

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., BELLEFONTE, PA.
Receive deposits. Discount notes.
Jan92 J. D SHUGERT, Cashier

HOTELS.

UNIVERSITY INN, P. S. Burrell, Proprietor.
College Avenue, STATE COLLEGE, PA.
Furnished throughout. Steam heat, electric light and modern improvements. All trains stop on flag at this Inn. dec1598

IRVIN HOUSE, S. Woods Caldwell, Proprietor, LOCK HAVEN, PA.
Terms reasonable. Good sample rooms on first floor. jan92

BUSH HOUSE, W. L. Daggett, Proprietor, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Special attention given to country trade. apr90

NEW GARMAN HOUSE, Opposite Court House, BELLEFONTE, PA.
New building, new furniture throughout, steam heat, electric bells and all modern improvements. Good table and moderate charges.

SPRING MILLS HOTEL, D. H. Ruhl, Proprietor, SPRING MILLS, PA.
Free bus to and from all trains.

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Free bus to and from all trains. Good sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.

CENTRE HALL HOTEL, Wm. H. Runkle, Manager.
Newly equipped, bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders receive special attention, and can find no healthier locality. Central for fishing and hunting. may697

Absolutely Free.

To Introduce Findley's Eye Salve I will send by mail absolutely FREE a 25 cent box to any one writing me a postal card giving name and address. It cures sore eyes at once. Address J. P. HAYTER, Decatur, Texas.

The men of Chicago spend $3,500,000 a year for shaves. 36

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

More than 4,000 persons are annually buried in the paupers' cemetery in Berlin.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—LIZZIE FERREL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, 1894.

There is an Icelandic superstition that ambidextrous people are born to good luck.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

A French society of charities is seeking to establish a free delivery in Morocco.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reducing inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Richard Croker is said to be an expert swimmer.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

It is expected that an automobile fete will be held at Pau, France, next summer.

"He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Spencer F. Baird, Naturalist.

"He knew the birds of the air, from the ptarmigan that lives among the everlasting snows, to the humming bird that revels among the orchards of the tropics; he knew the beasts of the forests and the prairies, and the reptiles that crawl through the desert sands or slimy marshes; he knew the fishes that scale mountain torrents, that bask in quiet lakes, or that journey from zone to zone through the deep waters of the sea. In all his realm of nature he had a minute and comprehensive knowledge that no other man has ever acquired. What others had recorded in this field of research he knew, and to their discoveries he made a contribution so bounteous, so stupendous, that he is recognized as the master of systematic zoologists."—"Self Culture."

69 Cents for Nothing.

Just issued, a wonderful catalogue of everything to eat, wear and use. It costs us 32 cents to print and 37 cents to mail each copy.

It's free to all who write for it.

This book contains 704 pages (size 11¼x16½ in.), has 10,000 illustrations, and quotes 140,000 articles at wholesale prices to consumer. Here is the book:

This valuable catalogue tells all about Agricultural Implements, Baby Coaches, Bedding, Bicycles, Boots, Buggies, Candies, Carpets, Cigars, Clocks, Clothing, Corsets, Crockery, Curtains, Cutlery, Farm Wagons, Furniture, Men's Furnishings, Glassware, Groceries, Harness, Hats, Hosiery, Jewelry, Ladies' Clothing, Ladies' Furnishings, Lamps, Mackintoshes, Mirrors, Musical Instruments, Organs, Paints, Pianos, Pictures, Portieres, Refrigerators, Saddles, Sewing-Machines, Shirts, Shoes, Silverware, Stoves, Tinware, Tobacco, Towels, Trunks, Underwear, Upholstery Goods, Watches, and thousands of other articles.

With this book in your possession, you can buy cheaper than the average dealer.

You can save large sums of money on everything you need, at any season of the year.

Lithographed Carpet and Rug Catalogue, and our Clothing Catalogue with samples attached, are also free. Extra postage paid on clothing, freight paid on carpet.

Which book shall we send you? Address this way:

JULIUS HINES & SON
BALTIMORE, MD. Department 211

He Lost His Job.

"Funny, wasn't it!" said the young man with the hard-up look. "I had a dead-sure thing on a $2,000 clerkship in Washington last winter, but just before I got my paws on it a man ahead of men on the street struck an icy spot and went down. I laughed, of course. Yes, I leaned up against a lamp post and roared. The man got up, took a long look at me and limped off. Next day I called on the chief clerk who had my little affair on hand and as we met he pointed to the door. I went out. It was no use to linger. He was the chap I had laughed at."

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The area of the world's coalfields is 471,800 square miles.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AN INTERRUPTED HONEYMOON

He "Keeps His Eye Peeled" Even to This Day.

Even now the old lawyer gnashes his teeth and says things under his breath when he thinks of it, says the Detroit Free Press.

"I followed my father's advice and went west," he tells. "I haven't the least doubt in the world that the old gentleman got his idea from Horace Greeley. I set up my office in a new town, where the crack of a revolver attracted no more attention than a fire alarm in a big city, and had a hand in almost every case that was tried. But I declined to fall into the ways of the community. I denounced lynching as worse than barbarism, sailed into the authorities as being parties to this class of crimes and even defied public sentiment to the extent of defending horse thieves. I received a good many threatening letters, but stood by my guns. During this exciting experience I fell in love with the loviest girl on the whole bounding west, and we were married. Then my enemies began the work of fiendish revenge.

"We were actually at the depot and about to start on a long wedding tour through the east when I was summoned as a witness in an important mining suit, about which I knew nothing. In vain I urged this fact, pleaded, denounced and threatened. The officer, who had evidently been coached, declared me a witness trying to escape the jurisdiction of the court and very promptly clapped me in jail. The next day I was fined $100 for contempt of court and thirty days in jail were added because I talked back. That was my honeymoon, and I was the maddest man within the pale of civilization. Once free I took the flyer for Detroit, and the letter I wrote that judge fairly scorched the envelope. He tried to extradite me, but failed, and then he sent me a challenge. That failed, too, but I have his assurance, written thirty years ago that he would shoot on sight. Do you know I keep my eyes peeled while on the streets, even to this day."

How to Settle Boundary Dispute.

As a matter of fact the boundary line between the United States and Canada should be located on the north side of Canada by the consent of both nations.—Danville Commercial.

MOTHERHOOD is woman's natural destiny. Many women are denied the happiness of children through some derangement of the generative organs. Actual barrenness is rare.

Among the many triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the overcoming of cases of supposed barrenness. This great medicine is so well calculated to regulate every function of the generative organs that its efficiency is vouched for by multitudes of women.

SORROWS OF STERILITY

MRS. ED. WOLFORD, of Lone Tree, Iowa, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I had one child which lived only six hours. The doctor said it did not have the proper nourishment while I was carrying it. I did not feel at all well during pregnancy. In time I conceived again, and thought I would write to you for advice. Words cannot express the gratitude I feel towards you for the help that your medicine was to me during this time. I felt like a new person; did my work up to the last, and was sick only a short time. My baby weighed ten pounds. He is a fine boy, the joy of our home. He is now six weeks old and weighs sixteen pounds. Your medicine is certainly a boon in pregnancy."

MRS. FLORA COOPER, of Doyle, S. Dak., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Ever since my last child I suffered with inflammation of the womb, pains in back, left side, abdomen and groins. My head ached all the time. I could not walk across the floor without suffering intense pain. I kept getting worse, until two years ago I wrote to you for advice, and began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had not finished the first bottle before I felt better. I took four bottles, and have been strong and perfectly healthy ever since, and now have two of the nicest little girls."

NEWS FOR THE FAIR SEX.

ITEMS OF INTEREST ON NUMEROUS FEMININE TOPICS.

Jeweled Coat of Arms on a Gown—Women in the Universities—Tallest Woman in England, etc.

Jeweled Coat of Arms on a Gown.

One of the most wonderful gowns made in Paris of late is to be worn by the Princess Czartoryski. Her coat of arms is reproduced in jewels on a white satin ground. The stones all had to be pierced, which decreased their value somewhat; but even so the dress is valued at $75,000.

Women in the Universities.

In Germany, say the statisticians, the number of women graduates is increasing. Three years ago the ten great schools of the Fatherland had the names of 177 women students on their books. At the end of 1897 there were 347, and every university except that of Munster had women's names on its rolls. At the beginning of the present year the total was 400.

Tallest Woman in England.

The Duchess of Portland is the tallest woman in England. She married the Duke in 1889. She was then Miss Dallas Yorke. The Duke is lord of $150,000 a year, and owns half a dozen castles, among them being the incomparable Welbeck, where Lady Peggy Primrose spent her honeymoon. The Duchess devotes most of her time to the furtherance of temperance work.

Lady Churchill's Working Dress.

Lady Randolph Churchill has adopted a working dress which is said to be both sensible and pretty. As editor of the Anglo-Saxon Magazine Her Ladyship is obliged to do much active work, and she finds her newly adopted costume a great convenience. It has a round blouse, belted snugly at the waist line with a silver belt and silver buckle. The sleeves are loose, with deep cuffs. The skirt is trimmed around the bottom with braid in an Indian arabesque design. "Lady Randy," as she is called, always wears something Indian since she received her Indian decoration from the Queen.

Black Goods for Mourning.

Although the most rigid authorities consider that crape should be worn for the first year after the death of a parent, it is allowable to lay aside full mourning after the first nine months. Half mourning should be used for the next three months. This admits of mauve, gray and white.

Black grenadine is suitable for the entire period, and white waists are worn during the summer, even while wearing crape.

For winter black Venetian coating, black bengaline (woolen) and black poplin will be much used. For evening wear there is crepe de chine, most covetable of fabrics, and black chiffon, which will amply suffice for the home dinner gowns.

Lady Curzon's Elephants.

Lady Curzon may claim the proud distinction of possessing, for the time at least, more elephants than any other woman in the world. The Maharajah of Durbhunga has testified his admiration for the vicereine by placing at her disposal his herd of elephants, which is the finest in India. When Lady Curzon rides out the mahout, or driver, carries a silver goad and a fly fan. An umbrella of white silk, bordered with pearls, protects the viceroy's wife from the sun, and the howdah is of silver. The elephant is gorgeously decorated with embroidered silk and gold, and two long strings of pearls are suspended behind his ears.

Responsibility of Mothers.

Speaking of the sad circumstances attendant upon the death of Nettie M. Wilson, fourteen years old, of Parkway, Brooklyn, who died from Pott's disease of the spine, brought on by having a chair pulled from under her, a neighbor said: "Shocking as it is that the life of such a bright child should be sacrificed as the victim of a practical joke, I hope it will put a stop to that species of rough playing among boys and girls. At a certain age the boys especially are apt to think it a smart thing to tease the girls, and pulling the chair out from under a person about to be seated is considered a most brilliant endeavor. This is not the first death that I have known of as resulting in this way, while there are scores of people who go through life as invalids from the same cause.

"Before the child died she pitifully said: 'I didn't think he would pull the chair away from me.' If every mother would take the responsibility upon herself, and impress upon her own children the criminality of practical jokes of this kind, the sum of needless suffering would be considerably decreased."

Wedding Book Covers.

Books containing a dozen or more envelopes in which to place the newspaper notices of a wedding, scraps of the bride's frocks, and other souvenirs of a festive occasion, have appropriately ornamented covers, and these make pretty summer fancy work. White linen is the usual covering unless one can secure a piece of the satin or brocade of the bride's wedding dress to use for the purpose. The usual decoration is a rose for a summer wedding or golden rod or chrysanthemums for an autumn wedding. Holly, mistletoe and orange blossoms for winter, and if the wedding takes place in early spring spring flowers make a charming cover design. The words "My Wedding" in fancy lettering, and the initials and date, placed within a heart medallion down in one corner, are also effective, whether by themselves or with the floral design.

Automobile Gowns.

With the automobile comes the automobile gown or costume, but notwithstanding the desire of the modiste to discover something effective for these carriages, nothing especially novel has been created. Most of the women in society give little attention to the making of new gowns while in Newport, and not expecting the craze to be developed there this summer, did not order any special dress.

As a consequence a golf skirt or a walking skirt, some of which are quite short, are employed; these, of course, are worn with shirt waists of all descriptions. White and fancy pique are as much worn as any other. Miss Kemp and Mrs. Vanderbilt, Jr., seem especially fond of such dresses. Short skirts are used exclusively, so that the foot, which plays an important part in the management of the machine, may be used freely. Waists cannot be trimmed and are close fitting, so that there are no frills or folds to prevent rapid action of arms and hands on the lever. Jaunty bolero jackets of black, violet and rose taffetas are worn occasionally, and these are most stunning.

Any woman can learn to operate a motor vehicle in an hour; she can become proficient in half a day; in two days she can go anywhere, even in crowded streets. It isn't half as difficult to "drive" a motor carriage as it is to learn to ride on a bicycle. The main thing required is presence of mind; a driver must know instantly which lever to pull to meet each emergency as it presents itself. A motor vehicle must exercise the intelligence of the horse, and no mean intelligence it is, as well as that of the driver. The training, therefore, is more that of the mind than of the hands. There are only five things to learn at first—how to start, how to increase speed, how to use the brake, how to turn off the power and how to ring the bell. All these operations are performed in most vehicles with two hand and one foot lever; and they are no harder to understand than a sewing machine.

In conclusion it may be positively asserted that the modern motor vehicle has reached such perfection that it cannot run away without the very grossest carelessness, and it cannot possibly explode. These two facts will reassure some women who have formerly been a bit timid regarding this new vehicle which has become the greatest fad of the season among the smart set at Newport and New York.—Chicago Record.

Wax Modeling as a Trade.

Many persons are unaware that wax fruits and flowers are useful as well as dubiously ornamental. Artistic manipulation and ingenious application of colors have developed the possibilities of wax; nature is so closely imitated by some clever modelers that their work is utilized as specimens, to show varieties of fruits and vegetables, freaks of formation and the effects of disease. The Smithsonian Institution, scientific schools and agricultural colleges make use of these models to some extent, since there is no satisfactory way of preserving specimens of the natural fruits.

This is an inviting field for women's work, but not every woman who can please herself in wax modeling can acquire the requisite skill in imitating nature which is acceptable to the critical student, who will be satisfied with nothing short of absolute accuracy of form and coloring. The work of the Mintorn family has become famous; their fruits, leaves and grasses have deceived the botanists, they are so natural. One of this family, Mrs. Mogridge, made the Smithsonian exhibit for the World's Fair in 1893. Mrs. Mogridge is English, she and her brother, Mr. H. Mintorn, having come to America for the express purpose of working for the Smithsonian about fifteen years ago; but an American woman has rivalled her in reproducing fruits in wax.

Mrs. Stanley Potter, now of Willimantic, Conn., formerly of Illinois, made the Michigan exhibit for the World's Fair at Chicago, and was awarded a gold medal. Only four awards were made for models of fruit, and Mrs. Potter was the only English-speaking exhibitor who received a medal. Mrs. Potter's methods are original; she has patiently experimented until she has attained a remarkable facility in copying nature, chiefly from a love of her work. She dreams by night of new processes, and next day experiments until she overcomes her difficulties.

Fashion Notes.

Importers predict a larger sale of real laces during the coming season than was ever known before.

Light effects will be much in vogue, and chiffon foundations for filmy laces of delicate outlines will be used extensively.

New models in tailor gowns have Persian or gold cloth collars, revers and vestings. Exquisite pearl and gold embroideries are again coming to the front.

Ribbon will be used in a great variety of styles.

A few of the women in Paris have adopted the Marie Antoinette scarf and walking stick. It is a picturesque and pleasing fad, and would prove serviceable in many instances.

The swagger coat for fall will be of light—almost cream colored—cloth, cut like an immense box coat, the skirt reaching to the knees.

Velvet is one of the handsomest things to combine with organdies and lawns.

SON COMMANDS FATHER.

Story of the Lears, Two Colorado Soldiers in the Philippines.

Out of the hurry and bustle of the war there has come one of the most remarkable cases of the reversal of family authority ever known to military men, writes a Manila correspondent to the St. Louis Dispatch. A son is a commissioned officer in a regiment, while the father is a private in the same regiment. The son gives the father commands; the father executes the orders; he touches his hat when he passes by his boy during duty. On the rolls of the First Colorado Infantry appears the names of Ben Lear, second lieutenant, aged nineteen, and Benjamin Lear, Sr., private, aged forty-four. It is a standing joke in the officers' mess that if the old man gets a superior post he intends to take it out of the youngster's hide. But this joke has no foundation. The father is proud of the success of his son and never tires of boasting to his fellow privates.

Lieut. Lear is a fine specimen of the young American soldier. He has all the good qualities that are known as "Western." He has go and push and grit, a very intelligent mind and an aptness for his work. From under his black eyebrows glance a pair of keen dark eyes that seem older than the rest of him. War ages a man's intellect rapidly, and Ben Lear, Jr., has grown in experience quickly. He laughed when asked about the family relations in the regiment.

"Why, my dear fellow," he exclaimed, "don't you know that in a regiment there are no family relations? Here we are all officers or privates or bandmen, and that ends the whole business. But, seriously, the curious relations which I am bound to maintain with my own father are ridiculous, and if he did not have a fine sense of humor himself they would be well nigh insupportable. He comes in here with a message, for instance, and, stopping at the door, he stands at salute until I have time or am in a disposition to receive him by acknowledging his salute. Then he does the goosestep and comes into my tent, where he must stand at attention until the business is finished; then he must salute again before he goes out. Altogether it is laughable, because I am a stickler for discipline, even though it does involve my own father.

"When it is father's turn to carry wood, draw rations, or do police duty it is my task to issue these orders to the old gentleman, and he touches his cap and replies, 'Yes, sir,' as respectfully as you please. When the call for volunteers came I was a first sergeant in the Colorado National Guard, and volunteered. I went with my company to Denver and we were mustered in. I kept my old rank of first sergeant in the First Colorado Infantry.

"When the regiment was recruiting father came to the headquarters and wanted to enlist. I persuaded him not to join, and when I left I was sure that father would stay at home, where he was badly needed on his paper. But when the recruiting officer went back to Denver for more men you can judge of my amazement to find my father in the first batch sent us."

A Crocodile from the Philippines.

Among the souvenirs of the campaign in Luzon brought back by the Utah artillery on the transport Hancock is an enormous crocodile. The tin-armored gunboat Covadonga of Major Grant's fleet, in command of Lieut. Webb, battery A, was steaming down the Rio Grande a few miles below Calumpit one early morning in June when in the midst of the dawn a huge black mass was seen by the lookout, lying on a sandy beach. He saw something move, and, thinking some foolhardy band of Filipinos was lying in wait to pick off the gunboat's men, he sounded the general call to quarters.

The deck was cleared for action, and, at Lieut. Webb's command, a broadside from Gatlings and Krag-Jorgensens was poured into the spot that darkened the beach. Immediately it seemed to arouse and make towards the little vessel. Another volley halted it, and, thinking that he had struck down every man of a rebel squad, Lieut. Webb had a boat lowered, and, jumping in with a detachment of his men, he rowed cautiously to the shore, with guns at cock and ready to fire at any survivors of the party. The black mass remained inert.

With sword in hand Webb led a rush towards the supposed enemy. Then they found a monstrous crocodile, its life extinct and its body riddled with bullets. A rope was tied to the river monster and it was towed to Manila. A native taxidermist there stuffed and mounted it, for which he charged $175 Mexican money. The Government charged $250 for bringing it on the transport to this country. The crocodile will be presented to the University of Utah.—San Francisco Correspondence Salt Lake Tribune.

A Colony of Silent Women.

There is a community of female recluses at a place called Yunakawa, about seven miles from Hakodate, Japan. A matron of some fifty years presides, and her instructions are implicitly obeyed. The women are all young, ranging from sixteen to twenty-seven, and some of them are described as very beautiful. The building stands in a farm of some 250 acres. But the women do not engage in any agricultural work. They spend most of their time indoors, reading the Bible, and they appear to observe a strict rule of silence.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Tiny $20,000,000 Lot.

A mortgage of $20,000,000 on a tiny town lot is rarely recorded in real estate annals. The city of San Jose, Cal., has within its limits a little patch of ground which has actually borne an incumbrance of these stupendous proportions.

The story of this lot is the story of an unpaid note. Away back in 1851 David C. Vance, its owner, borrowed from Jackson Lewis the sum of $1,300, at the then current rate of interest of 8 per cent. per month, to be computed monthly, security being the real estate and its improvements. The note is yet unpaid. One day Mr. Vance disappeared. He couldn't take the earth with him, so that small section of the earth has gone on eating its head off, as it were, ever since.

The note and mortgage, after the manner of such things, made its way through the courts in proceedings and foreclosures, and in the next dozen years the $1,300 grew like Jack's beanstalk. A return of sale finally showed the total amount due the man to whom the note and mortgage had been assigned, Morris M. Wise, in round numbers, that included interest, costs and sheriff's fees, $21,000,000.

Dutch Cleanliness a Myth!

Dutch cleanliness! Another common fallacy! True enough, scrubbing and washing appear to be the sole occupation of the Dutch housewife; women and children are always spotless in their attire, bright and clean as far as their persons are exposed to the public eye; but in Volendam at least—I will not vouch for the rest of Holland—this cleanliness is only on the surface, so much so that artists are positively afraid of taking a model to their studio.

That sea water could be used for bathing never seems to strike the intelligence of the natives; at least, I do not think that their dread of water is merely due to their fear of getting in direct touch with the unpleasant things which are floating on the surface of the Zuyder Zee, among which rotten cabbage leaves are certainly not the most objectionable. And what is the use of washing and cleaning linen and household utensils from morning to night, if the water used for the purpose is of the nature of the Volendam Canal—a stagnant pool, the receptacle for the refuse of the whole village? Milk cans, table linen, spoons and forks and plates are dipped indiscriminately into this evil-smelling, grimy liquid, which cannot but nourish the germs of typhoid fever and other infectious diseases. That is the much-vaunted Dutch cleanliness!—Pall Mall Magazine.

New Uses for Glass.

The United States Consul at Lyons has recently reported upon a new kind of pavement which has for some months been in use in Lyons, and has satisfactorily withstood the effects of heavy traffic. It is made of glass prepared in a peculiar manner, the product being known as ceramic stone. The factories where this material is prepared are of great extent, and we are told that in the yards were seen many tons of broken bottles, which the superintendent described as their "raw material." The treatment consists in heating the broken glass to the melting point, and then compressing it by hydraulic pressure and forming it into moulds. For paving purposes the glass is made into bricks eight inches square, and is sored with cross lines, so that when the pavement is completed it resembles a huge chess-board. The glass loses its transparency and brittleness, and is said to be devitrified; it is as cheap as stone, and far more durable. It will resist crushing, frost, and heavy shocks, and can be employed for tubes, vats, tiles, chimneys, etc. It is available for all kinds of decorative purposes; and a large building made of the material will form an attractive object of the Paris exhibition next year —Chambers's Journal.

Steam From Oil.

By the use of oil instead of coal in marine engines smoke can be got rid of and the stokehole staff reduced.

It is possible by one ton of oil to evaporate as much water as would be disposed of by two tons of coal such as is generally employed for steamships.

Another point in favor of oil, a ton of coal requires a bunker space of ninety cubic feet; a ton of oil only calls for thirty-eight feet.

Under Lloyds' regulations, oil of two hundred degrees Fahrenheit flash may be carried in the water ballast tank.

To secure a complete combustion it is necessary that the oil should be sprayed on entering the furnaces. This used to be done by steam, but in a new system, described before the Society of Arts, compressed hot air is substituted. The oil also is raised to two hundred degrees Fahrenheit before issuing from its nozzle. Under these conditions perfect combustion is secured.

Diet versus Medicine.

Medicine is too cheap nowadays, or, at least, we take too much of it. If it cost us more we should take less, trying to find out means of curing little ailments without flying to the chemist. For instance, a little attention to daily diet would save many a dose of castor oil and similar medicines, and do us much more good. A glass of cold water is often of use if taken directly we get up in the morning, while brown bread, particularly the variety known as whole meal, is preferable to white. Oatmeal porridge is splendid, and we ought to see that it is always ready for the breakfast table. Vegetables, except potatoes, should in these cases be freely indulged in, and fruits, especially prunes and apples, while regular exercise in the open air is a necessity.—Woman's Life.

Ozone for Purifying Water.

The authorities of Lille, France, have concluded some exhaustive tests of the efficacy of ozone for purifying water. They find this method applicable on a large scale and superior to any hitherto used. All pathogenic or saphrophytic microbes inhabiting the waters experimented upon were destroyed. After treatment the water is weakened in organic matter, less liable to pollution and more palatable.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE EMINENT DIVINE'S SUNDAY DISCOURSE.

Subject: Ledgers and Bibles—There is No War Between Religion and Business—Righteousness is a Re-enforcement and Not a Hindrance in Life's Affairs.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage argues that religion may be taken into all the affairs of life and instead of being a hindrance, as many think, is a re-enforcement. The text is Romans xii., 11: "Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord."

Industry, devoutness and Christian service—all commended in that short text. What! Is it possible that they shall be conjoined? Oh, yes! There is no war between religion and business, between ledgers and Bibles, between churches and counting houses. On the contrary, religion accelerates business, sharpens men's wits, sweetens acerbity of disposition, fillips the blood of phlegmatics and throws more velocity into the wheels of hard work. It gives better balancing to the judgment, more strength to the will, more muscle to industry and throws into enthusiasm a more consecrated fire. You cannot in all the circle of the world show me a man whose honest business has been despoiled by religion.

The industrial classes are divided into three groups—producers, manufacturers, traders. Producers, such as farmers and miners. Manufacturers, such as those who turn corn into food and wool and flax into apparel. Traders, such as make profit out of the transfer and exchange of all that which is produced and manufactured. A business man may belong to any one or all of these classes, and not one is independent of any other.

When the prince imperial of France fell on the Zulu battlefield because the strap fastening the stirrup to the saddle broke as he clung to it, his comrades all escaping, but he falling under the lances of the savages, a great many people blamed the empress for allowing her son to go forth into that battle-field, and others blamed the English Government for accepting the sacrifice, and others blamed the Zulus for their barbarism. The one most to blame was the harness maker who fashioned that strap of the stirrup out of shoddy and imperfect material, as it was found to have been afterward. If the strap had held, the prince imperial would probably have been alive to-day. But the strap broke. No prince independent of a harness maker! High, low, wise, ignorant, you in one occupation, I in another, all bound together. So that there must be one continuous line of sympathy with each other's work. But whatever your vocation, if you have a multiplicity of engagements, if into your life there come losses and annoyances and perturbations as well as percentages and dividends, if you are pursued from Monday morning until Saturday night and from January to January by inexorable obligation and duty, then you are a business man, or you are a business woman, and my subject is appropriate to your case.

We are under the impression that the moil and tug of business life are a prison into which a man is thrust or that it is an unequal strife where unarmed a man goes forth to contend. I shall show you this morning that business life was intended of God for grand and glorious education and discipline, and if I shall be helped to say what I want to say I shall rub some of the wrinkles of care out of your brow and unstrap some of the burdens from your back. I am not talking of an abstraction. Though never having been in business life, I know all about business men.

In my first parish at Belleville, N. J., ten miles from New York, a large portion of my audience was made up of New York merchants. Then I went to Syracuse, a place of immense commercial activity, and then I went to Philadelphia and lived long among the merchants of that city, than whom there are no better men on earth, and for twenty-five years I stood in my Brooklyn pulpit, Sabbath by Sabbath, preaching to audiences the majority of whom were business men and business women. It is not an abstraction of which I speak, but a reality with which I am well acquainted.

In the first place, I remark that business life was intended as a school of energy. God gives us a certain amount of raw material out of which we are to hew our character. Our faculties are to be reset, rounded and sharpened up. Our young folks having graduated from school or college need a higher education, that which the rasping and collision of everyday life alone can effect. Energy is wrought out only in the fire. After a man has been in business activity ten, twenty, thirty years, his energy is not to be measured by weights or plummets or ladders. There is no height it cannot scale, and there is no depth it cannot fathom, and there is no obstacle it cannot thrash.

Now, my brother, why did God put you in that school of energy? Was it merely that you might be a yardstick to measure cloth or a steelyard to weigh flour? Was it merely that you might be better qualified to chaffer and higgle? No. God placed you in that school of energy that you might be developed for Christian work. If the undeveloped talents in the Christian churches of to-day were brought out and thoroughly harnessed, I believe the whole earth would be converted to God in a twelvemonth. There are so many deep streams that are turning no mill wheels and that are harnessed to no factory bands.

Now, God demands the best lamb out of every flock. He demands the richest sheaf of every harvest. He demands the best men of every generation. A cause in which Newton and Locke and Mansfield toiled you and I can afford to toil in. Oh, for fewer idlers in the cause of Christ and for more Christian workers, men who shall take the same energy that from Monday morning to Saturday night they put forth for the achievement of a livelihood or the gathering of a fortune and on Sabbath days put it forth to the advantage of Christ's kingdom and the bringing of men to the Lord.

Dr. Duff visited a man who had inherited a great fortune. The man said to him: "I had to be very busy for many years of my life getting my livelihood. After a while this fortune came to me and there has been no necessity that I toil since. There came a time when I said to myself, 'Shall I now retire from business, or shall I go on and serve the Lord in my worldly occupation?'" He said: "I resolved on the latter, and I have been more industrious in commercial circles than I ever was before, and since that hour I have never kept a farthing for myself. I have thought it to be a great shame if I couldn't toil as hard for the Lord as I had toiled for myself, and all the products of my factories and my commercial establishments to the last farthing have gone for the building of Christian institutions and supporting the church of God." Would that the same energy put forth for the world could be put forth for God. Would that a thousand men in these great cities who have achieved a fortune could see it their duty now to do all business for Christ and the alleviation of the world's suffering!

Again, I remark that business life is a school of patience. In your everyday life how many things to annoy and to disquiet? Bargains will rub. Commercial men will sometimes fail to meet their engagements. Cash book and money drawer will sometimes quarrel. Goods ordered for a special emergency will come too late or be damaged in the transportation. People intending no harm will go shopping without any intention of purchase, overturning great stocks of goods and insisting that you break the dozen. More bad debts on the ledger. More counterfeit bills in the drawer. More debts to pay for other people. More meanness on the part of partners in business. Annoyance after annoyance, vexation after vexation and loss after loss.

How many men do you suppose there are in commercial life who could say truthfully, "In all the sales I have ever made I have never overstated the value of goods, in all the sales I have ever made I have never covered up an imperfection in the fabric, of all the thousands of dollars I have ever made I have not taken one dishonest farthing?" There are men, however, who can say it, hundreds who can say it, thousands who can say it. They are more honest than when they sold their first tierce of rice or their first firkin of butter, because their honesty and integrity have been tested, tried and come out triumphant. But they remember a time when they could have robbed a partner, or have absconded with the funds of a bank, or sprung a snap judgment, or made a false assignment, or borrowed illimitably without any efforts at payment, or got a man into a sharp corner and fleeced him. But they never took one step on that pathway of hell fire. They can say their prayers without hearing the chink of dishonest dollars. Can read their Bible without thinking of the time when with a lie on their soul in the custom house they kissed the book. They can think of death and the judgment that comes after it without any flinching—that day when all charlatans and cheats and jockeys and frauds shall be doubly damned.

What a school of integrity business life is! If you have ever been tempted to let your integrity cringe before present advantages, if you have ever wakened up in some embarrassment and said: "Now I will step a little aside from the right path, and no one will know it, and I will come all right again. It is only once." That only once has ruined tens of thousands of men for this life and blasted their souls for eternity.

A merchant in Liverpool got a £5 Bank of England note, and, holding it toward the light, he saw some interlineations in what seemed red ink. He finally deciphered the letters and found out that the writing had been made by a slave in Algiers saying in substance, "Whoever gets this bank note will please to inform my brother, John Dean, living near Carlisle, that I am a slave of the bey of Algiers." The merchant sent word, employed Government officers and found who this man was spoken of in this bank note. After awhile the man was rescued, who for eleven years had been a slave of the bey of Algiers. He was immediately emancipated, but was so worn out by hardship and exposure he soon after died. Oh, if some of the bank bills that come through your hands could tell all the scenes through which they have passed it would be a tragedy eclipsing any drama of Shakespeare, mightier than King Lear or Macbeth!

Plato and Aristotle were so opposed to merchandise that they declared commerce to be the curse of the nations, and they advised that cities be built at least ten miles from the sea coast. But you and I know that there are no more industrious or high minded men than those who move in the world of traffic. Some of them carry burdens heavier than hods of brick, and are exposed to sharper things than the east wind, and climb mountains higher than the Alps or Himalayas, and if they are faithful Christ will at last say to them: "Well done, good and faithful servant; thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many things. Enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

We talk about the martyrs of the Piedmont valley, and the martyrs among the Scotch highlands, and the martyrs at Oxford. There are just as certainly martyrs of Wall street and State street, martyrs of Fulton street and Broadway, martyrs of Atlantic street and Chestnut street, going through hotter fires or having their necks under sharper axes. Then it behooves us to banish all fretfulness from our lives, if this subject be true. We look back to the time when we were at school, and we remember the rod, and we remember the hard tasks, and we complained grievously but now we see it was for the best. Business life is a school, and the tasks are hard, and the chastisements sometimes are very grievous; but do not complain. The hotter the fire the better the refining. There are men before the throne of God this day in triumph who on earth were cheated out of everything but their coffin. They were sued, they were imprisoned for debt, they were throttled by constables with a whole pack of writs, they were sold out by the sheriffs, they had to compromise with their creditors, they had to make assignments. Their dying hours were annoyed by the sharp ringing of the door bell by some impetuous creditor who thought it was outrageous and impudent that a man should dare to die before he paid the last half dollar.

I had a friend who had many misfortunes. Everything went against him. He had good business capacity and was of the best of morals, but he was one of those men such as you have sometimes seen, for whom everything seems to go wrong. His life became to him a plague. When I heard he was dead, I said, "Good, got rid of the sheriffs!" Who are those lustrous souls before the throne? When the question is asked, "Who are they?" the angels standing on the sea of glass respond: "These are they who came out of great business trouble and had had their robes washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb."

A man arose in Fulton street prayer meeting and said: "I wish publicly to acknowledge the goodness of God. I was in business trouble. I had money to pay, and I had no means to pay it, and I was in utter despair of all human help, and I laid this matter before the Lord, and this morning I went down among some old business friends I had not seen in many years just to make a call, and one said to me, 'Why, I am so glad to see you! Walk in. We have some money on our books due you a good while, but we didn't know where you were, and therefore not having your address we could not send it. We are very glad you have come!'" And the man standing in Fulton street prayer meeting said, "The amount they paid me was six times what I owed." You say it only happened so? You are unbelieving. God answered that man's prayer.

Oh, you want business grace! Commercial ethics, business honor, laws of trade are all very good in their place, but there are times when you want something more than this world will give you. You want God. For the lack of Him some that you have known have consented to forge, and to maltreat their friends, and to curse their enemies, and their names have been bulletined among scoundrels, and they have been ground to powder, while other men you have known have gone through the very same stress of circumstances triumphant. There are men here to-day who fought the battle and gained the victory. People come out of that man's store and they say, "Well, if there ever was a Christian trader, that is one." Integrity kept the books and waited on the customers. Light from the eternal world flashed through the show windows. Love to God and love to man presided in that storehouse. Some day people going through the street notice that the shutters of the window are not down. The bar of that store door has not been removed. People say, "What is the matter?" You go up a little closer and you see written on the card of that window, "Closed on account of the death of one of the firm." That day all through the circles of business there is talk about how a good man has gone. Boards of trade pass resolutions of sympathy, and churches of Christ pray, "Help, Lord, for the godly man ceaseth." He has made his last bargain, he has suffered his last loss, he has ached with his last fatigue. His children will get the result of his industry, or, if through misfortune there be no dollars left, they will have an estate of prayer and Christian example, which will be everlasting. Heavenly rewards for earthly discipline. There "the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest."

SAVED FROM INSECT PEST.

Timely Discovery of a Fruit Destroyer in a Box of Cucumbers.

A big service to the State of California and perhaps to the whole United States was done Thursday by Alexander Craw, quarantine officer of the State Board of Horticulture, when he seized and destroyed a box of Japanese cucumbers, containing an insect pest, which destroyed in the Hawaiian Islands seventy-five per cent. of the melons, summer squashes and cucumbers. Had the insect been overlooked it could easily have gained a foothold on the coast and have done for many years serious injury to the melon-growers of California.

The cucumbers were brought from Japan, via Victoria, by a Japanese passenger on the Umatilla. The native habitat of the pest has never been known, but now Mr. Craw is confident that its original home is in Japan. Three years ago it was introduced into the Hawaiian Islands, and there it has spread until it has almost placed a prohibition on the raising of members of the melon family. Like all imported injurious insects this one spread rapidly, until it is known in almost all the cultivated portions of the islands. The reason for the rapid spread of an imported insect is that the insect enemies of the pest are not brought along with it.

The insects found in the cucumbers by Mr. Craw were small maggots, the young of a fly. As determined by him the fly is what is known by scientists as the ducas curcurbitae. It belongs to a family of flies which contains many injurious species, one of which attacks the gooseberry in the North and another the oranges in the South. —San Francisco Chronicle.

Ancient Horrors of Smallpox.

In the sixteenth century smallpox fell upon Mexico, and in a few years 3,000,000 of the population yielded up their lives to it, leaving in some places scarcely enough people alive to bury the dead. Brazil in 1863 was invaded by smallpox, and in some instances whole races of men were carried to their graves by it.

The province of Quito in a few years lost 100,000 of her Indian population by this one disease. In 1707 smallpox invaded Iceland and caused the death of 18,000 out of a total population of 50,000. One-sixth part of the inhabitants of Ceylon died of smallpox during one epidemic. Whole tribes of our Indian population were swept out of existence by this disease. In 1734 nearly two-thirds of the population of Greenland was swept away by this disease. Europe, in the century preceding the discovery of vaccination, lost in deaths from smallpox 50,000,000 of her population. All of this has been changed through the practice of vaccination.

Prince of the Freest State.

Prince Danilo of Montenegro is heir to the throne of the freest State in the world. The brave little mountain nation has no police and no customs. It is probably the poorest and happiest of nations. Cettinje, the capital, is a village of 1,300 inhabitants, and contains four houses of more than one story in height—namely, the palace, the Crown Prince's palace, the barracks and the hotel. The Crown Prince's palace lies on the outskirts of the village, and wolves are said to come into Prince Danillo's garden in the winter. His pretty sister Helena was married to the Crown Prince of Italy in the autumn of 1896. She will one day be Queen, unless a revolution turns Italy into a republic before that day arrives.

Prince Danillo himself was one of the most picturesque princes at the time of the diamond jubilee celebration, riding in his brilliant native costume. He is a dead shot, and one of the most accomplished swordsmen in Europe.

Cromwell's Watch.

A relic especially interesting to Free Churchmen is at present in England, in the shape of Oliver Cromwell's watch. It is the shape and size of a small hen's egg, with an engraving of Worcester on the dial. The watch was exhibited in the Great Exhibition of 1851, where it attracted great attention, being referred to in the Times and all the leading papers. It is at present the property of an old lady in New Zealand, and is about to be offered for sale. The watch and chain of Cromwell's son-in-law, General Ireton, are in the possession of a London Congregational minister, the Rev. Fleming Williams.

Matriculated.

Scene: Beautiful stream with shelving banks, overhanging trees, swift current, cows wading short distance below. Large building, evidently lunatic asylum, in background. Tourist sitting on bank, fishing. Boy, apparently inmate of asylum, but harmless, looking out through enclosure, watching fisherman.

Boy—Caught anything?

Tourist—No.

Boy—How long have you been fishing?

Tourist—Seven hours.

Boy—Come in!—Chicago Tribune.

His Recommend.

Mr. Wholesale—Your former employer tells me you were the quickest bookkeeper in the place.

Applicant (dubiously)—He does?

Mr. Wholesale—Yes—he says you could chuck the books in the safe, lock up, and get ready to go home in just one minute and ten seconds!—Puck.

Fast French Trains.

Records for high speed in express train service have been made on French railroads lately, showing an average of 54.5 miles per hour, including stops. Special compound locomotives of the four-cylinder type, designed for this service, are employed on these trains.

LEARNED TO RIDE

A Bicycle Within the Sacred Precincts of the White House.

Washington correspondence Chicago Tribune: To an usher of the white house belongs the distinction of being the only person who has mastered the silent steed with the east room of the executive mansion as the riding academy. For obvious reasons his name is withheld from publication. Like all learners he needed assistance in balancing, and another usher was called in to render the service. The learner mounted the wheel in an awkward manner, and was trundled toward the south end of the big parlor, when his teacher let go with the usual result. The force of the fall broke the huge crystal chandeliers, and the bump could be heard plainly in the president's office. This misfortune did not deter the student, and he bravely mounted the wheel, started off again, and after wobbling along a few feet came down on the heavy carpet. This performance was repeated several times, and then the first lesson ended. The next day a second lesson was taken with little better result. But the usher persevered, and every afternoon for a week after the house was closed to visitors, he took a lesson until he had fairly good command of the unruly wheel. Then he began to "speed." The record he made was creditable to a beginner, and the novelty of riding a bicycle in the white house was thoroughly enjoyed. The usher is now one of the best riders in the city, but neither the president nor the chief usher knew what caused the house to shake as if a small earthquake had visited the city during the week in question.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Use Wit with Caution.

Miss Young—I would marry no man unless he had a steady nerve and plenty of self-confidence. Doctor Plates—Well, I am a dentist, but as long as you have been "drawn" into this subject I would suggest that you give me a chance to "fill" the bill.

* * *

Doctor Plates (one year later)—Really, my dear, this is an outrage. Four hundred and sixty-eight dollars in three weeks for dresses! Mrs. Young Plates—But, my dear, only one short year ago your most ardent desire was to "fill" the bill. I expected gold, of course. 'Tis thus a man's attempts at witticism are sometimes thrown into his teeth.—Cleveland Leader.

The greatest customers the Peoria distillers have are the Japanese.

Ayer's Pills

Sick headache. Food doesn't digest well, appetite poor, bowels constipated, tongue coated. It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills, easy and safe. They cure dyspepsia, biliousness. 25c. All Druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers

50 cts. of Druggists, or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured Insanity Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

Positive cure for all Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance. No after Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Ltd., Reliance Institute of Medicine, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

B N U 35.

How's Your Skin? If you have itch, tetter, ringworm, eczema, salt rheum, or any skin trouble, use Tetterine at once, and stop scratching. It will cure you. Never fails. Take no substitute recommended by your druggist. If he doesn't keep Tetterine, send 50c. in stamps to J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga., and get a box postpaid.

CARTER'S INK "Too Good and Too Cheap to be without it."

The First Silk Hat.

In an English newspaper of the date of Jan. 16, 1797, appears the following: "John Hetherington, haberdasher, of the Strand, was arraigned before the lord mayor yesterday on the charge of breach of the peace and inciting a riot, and was required to give bond in the sum of £500. It was in evidence that Mr. Hetherington, who is well connected, appeared upon the public highway, wearing upon his head what he called a silk hat (which was offered in evidence), a tall structure having a shining luster and calculated to frighten timid people. As a matter of fact, the officers of the crown stated that several women fainted at the unusual sight, while children screamed, dogs yelped, and a young son of Cordwainer Thomas, who was returning from a chandler's shop, was thrown down by the crowd which had collected and had his right arm broken. For these reasons the defendant was seized by the guards and taken before the lord mayor. In extenuation of his crime defendant claimed he had not violated any law of the kingdom, but was merely exercising a right to appear in a headdress of his own design—a right not denied to any Englishman."

Deadly Enemies.

Fancy two plants being so unfriendly that the mere neighborhood of one is death to the other! Yet this is the case with two well-known British plants. These are the thistle and the rape. If a field is infested with thistles, which come up year after year and ruin the crops, all you have to do is sow it with rape. The thistle will be absolutely annihilated.

OFF FOR A TRIP.

"All ready to start?"

"Yes; here is my Ivory Soap, that finishes my packing. I always lay in a supply before going on the road. It is one of the comforts a traveling man can carry with him."

IVORY SOAP—IT FLOATS.

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WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"LEADER" loaded with Smokeless powder and "NEW RIVAL" loaded with Black powder. Superior to all other brands for

UNIFORMITY, RELIABILITY AND STRONG SHOOTING QUALITIES.

Winchester Shells are for sale by all dealers. Insist upon having them when you buy and you will get the best.

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."

C. H. KEITZ, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 312

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makers.

Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.

ALL LEATHERS, ALL STYLES

THE GENUINE have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom.

Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Largest makers of $5 and $3.50 shoes in the world. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send you a pair on receipt of price. State kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe.

Catalogue C Free.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Best Prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever,

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form.... Sold by every druggist in the malarial sections of the United States..... No cure, no pay.... Price, 50c.

They All Recommend Grove's.

First Tasteless Tonic ever manufactured.. All other so-called "Tasteless" Tonics are imitations.. Ask any druggist about this who is not PUSHING an imitation.

WHOLESALER.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Feb, 6, 1899.

PARIS MEDICINE CO., City.

Gentlemen:—We wish to congratulate you on the increased sales we are having on your Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. On examining our record of inventory under date of Jan. 1st, we find that we sold during the Chill season of 1898, 2000 dozen Grove's Tonic. We also find that our sales on your Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets have been something enormous; having sold during the late Cold and Grip season 4,250 dozen.

Please rush down order enclosed herewith, and oblige, Yours truly,

HAVLIN BROS. DRUG CO.
Per Schall.

RETAILER.

KEDRON, ILLS.

PARIS MEDICINE CO.,

Gentlemen:—I handle seven or eight different kinds of Chill Tonics but I sell ten bottles of Grove's to where I sell one of the others. I sold 25 bottles of Grove's Chill Tonic in one day and could have sold more if I had had it on hand. Mr. Dave Woods cured five cases of chills with one bottle.

Respectfully,
JOHN T. VINYARD.

CONSUMER.

WHITESBORO, TEX., Sep. 12, 1898.

PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—I write you a few lines of gratitude. I think your Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is one of the best medicines in the world for Chills and Fever. I have three children that have been down with malarial fever for 18 months and have bought Chill medicine of all kinds and Doctor's bills coming in all the time until I sent to town and got three bottles of Grove's Tonic. My children are all well now and it was your Tasteless Chill Tonic that did it. I cannot say too much in its behalf.

Yours truly,
JAMES D. ROBERTS.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS. Sept. 7

SEASONABLE GOODS always up to date; year ahead of all other stores.

Porch Seats.
Hammocks.
Toy Picks and Shovel.
Hoe, Rakes and Shovel.
Croquet Sets.
Druggets.
Matting Rugs.
Kites.
False Faces.
Toy Pistols.
Cannons.
Roller Skates.
Tops.
Bustles.
Face Masques.
Pocket Stoves.
Picnic Plates.
Mosquito Net.
Palm Fans.
Children's Swings.
Doll Carriages.
Toy Dump Carts.
Iron Wagons.

Garman's Store.

Bellefonte, - - Pa.

Clearing Sale of Shoes....

From Sept. 1 to 15, we will give a discount of 12½ per cent. from our already remarkable low prices on all Shoes purchased, in order to make room for Fall stock. Call early while stock is yet full. Remember,

All New Goods.

No Shelf-Worn or Out of Style.

Men's Russet Oxfords, formerly $1.50, will go at $1.20, an excellent bicycle shoe.

A few pairs Men's Box Calf and Best Kangaroo $3 Shoes at still greater reductions.

Several pairs of "Our Leader" at $1.48 can be had at $1.15.

It will pay you big interest to buy Shoes during these 15 days.

Equal reductions in Ladies' and Misses' Shoes. Call and inspect.

F. A. CARSON,

POTTERS MILLS, PA.

Picnic Store.

We will be at the Grange Picnic with our Department Store ready to serve the people with all they need.

Our exhibit will be one of the main attractions on tne Park.

Wolf & Crawford.

First Husband Comes Back.

Blatt Hodges, of Millers station, in Blair county, returned to his home on Saturday after 37 years' absence. In 1863 he left his wife and family and went west to seek his fortune. For a time he wrote letters home, but these suddenly ceased. His wife, believing him dead, married again. Her second husband died two months ago. Hodges had been mining in Mexico. His wife received him with open arms and the couple are happily united again.

A Village Campmeeting.

A village campmeeting will be held in the United Evangelical church at Tusseyville, commencing September 6th, and to continue over Sabbath. Rev. S. P. Reemer, of Lewisburg, will have the meeting in charge. Rev. H. W. Buck, of Millheim, will be present, also Rev. J. M. Price, of Millmont.

W. W. RHOADS, Pastor.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Report of its Findings for the Balance of Last Week.

In the case of James Martin found guilty of f. and b., a petition was presented for a new trial, and the Court granted a rule as prayed for returnable at October argument court. Sentence suspended.

Com. vs. Frank Daley; indicted for assault and battery. Grand jury ignored the bill and placed the costs on Daniel De Hass.

Com. vs. John Raymond, indicted for desertion. Case continued to Nov. court.

The arson cases in which Christian Sharer, of Taylor township, is prosecutor, were all continued until Nov. term of court, owing to the illness of the defendants.

Com. vs. John Long and Susan Long; indicted for fraudulently secreting property and making threats. Prosecutrix, Emma F. Forhsinger. Bill ignored and county directed to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Wm. Quick, indicted for malicious mischief; prosecutor L. C. Bullock. Defendant found not guilty and costs divided equally between prosecutor and defendant.

Com. vs. Edward Haugh, indicted for f. and b. A true bill returned; case continued.

Com. vs. Thomas Hayes, indicted for f. and b. A true bill returned; bench warrant issued.

Com. vs. Wm. C. Snyder, indicted for f. and b.; settled.

Com. vs. Blaine Williams, indicted for f. and b. A true bill returned; bench warrant issued.

Com. vs. John Zimmerman, indicted for f. and b. A true bill returned; bench warrant issued.

Com. vs. Chas. Shank, indicted for f. and b. Case continued to November court.

Com. vs. Ollie Teller, indicted for assault, threats and carrying concealed weapons. Bill ignored by grand jury and prosecutor, Ollie Gibbs directed to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Frank Krape, indicted for f. and b. True bill returned and bench warrant issued.

Com. vs. James Murphy, indicted for f. and b. True bill returned.

Com. vs. J. H. Auman, indicted for assault and battery. Bill ignored and prosecutor, Barnet Eisenhuth directed to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Hiram Gill, indicted for f. and b. True bill returned.

Com. vs. Ellen Auman, indicted for adultery; defendant committed to jail

Com. vs. Barnet Eisenhuth, indicted for fornication, prosecutor, J. H. Auman. True bill returned.

Com. vs. John A. Fye, charged with larceny; prosecutor Jacob Beightol. Settled.

Com. vs. James K. Lucas and Robert Lucas, charged with trespassing and threats, prosecutor John Harshberger. Settled.

Com. vs. Jacob Mayes, charged with false pretense; prosecutor L. D. Hewitt.

Com. vs. Sophi Kowas, Rosa Nagg, Alek Dudies, and Charles Pentick, charged with adultery and unlawful cohabitation; prosecutors John Kowas, Steef Nagg, and Joseph Teema. Bill ignored and John Kowas and Steef Nagg to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Alek Dudies and Charles Pentick, charge adultery and escaping board bill; prosecutors John Kocsic and Joseph Teema. Bill ignored and John Kocsic to pay costs.

Com. vs. Wm. Wantz, charged with malicious mischief; prosecutor L. Bathurst. Bill ignored and the county to pay the costs.

Com. vs. C. Reese, Jr., charged with betrayal; prosecutrix Minnie Brown.

Com. vs. Wm. Harpster, charged with assault and battery with intent to commit a rape; prosecutrix Mrs. Anna Price. Bill ignored and the county to pay the costs.

Com. vs. J. W. Smith, W. L. Smith and Henry Grall, indicted for malicious mischief. Defendants found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $1.00, costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in the jail of Centre county for a period of sixty days.

John Bilger vs. Spring township. This was an appeal from the auditor's report of Spring township; verdict in the sum of $9.35 in favor of plaintiff subject to the question of law reserved by the court.

J. Toner Lucas vs. Mrs. Josephine Davis. This was an appeal; jury rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff in the sum of $42.59.

Union County Barn Burned.

The barn on the farm occupied by James G. Hoy, in Limestone twp., was struck by lightning, and entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday, Aug. 27, including all of this year's crops, along with the wheat stored from last year's crop. Two horses and several calves perished. Insured in Buffalo Valley Company for $2,500.—Lewisb. Journal.

Whirled on a Shaft.

Newton Overdorf was caught on the line shaft of the sawmill in which he was working in Sugar valley. He was whirled around with lightning-like rapidity until every particle of clothing except his shoes was torn from him. Strange to say, he escaped uninjured.

"Talk is cheap"—Telephone talk is cheaper than anything you buy.

DIED AT BELLEFONTE.

Mrs. James E. Scott Passes Away on Sunday Morning.

Mrs. Anna M., wife of James E. Scott, died at her home at Bellefonte last Sunday morning, after an illness of nearly a year from an ailment of the stomach, aged 37 years, 3 months, and 25 days. Mrs. Scott bore her illness bravely, although a great sufferer. Services were held at her nome at Bellefonte on Monday evening, and on Tuesday morning the remains were taken to Potters Mills, where they were interred in the family plot in the Sprucetown cemetery. Rev. J. M. Rearick, of Centre Hall, officiated in the services at the grave.

Mrs. Scott was a daughter of the late William McCormick, and was born at Potters Mills. She leaves to survive her a husband and a son. Four brothers and two sisters also survive her. They are, Mrs. Philip Mersinger and Samuel McCormick, both of Joliet, Ill.; Thomas McCormick, Chicago, Ill.; James McCormick, Cleveland, O.; Vance McCormick, Montandon, Pa.; and Mrs. Maggie Dawson, of Missoula, Montana.

The Coming Fair at Brook Park, Lewisburg.

The fifty-sixth Annual Fair of Union County Agricultural Society will be held at Brook Park, Lewisburg, Pa., on September 26, 27, 28 and 29, 1899. It is one of the oldest and most progressive organizations in the country and has stood the test of time for nearly half a century. New officers, good track and large purses. Lately the racing course has been sodded and covered with loam making it the best half mile track in the state. The premium list has been thoroughly revised and increased, making it very attractive to owners of fast horses, live stock raisers, farmers and farmers' organizations, manufacturers and others. It is distinctively agricultural in every method and feature, with competition unrestricted, turf attractions more ample than ever before, several races each day and special attractions between heats, which can be witnessed from grand stand. The indications are that the attendance will be the largest in the history of the fair. Full particulars are given in pamphlets issued by the Society which can be had on application or by addressing C. Dale Wolfe, Cor. Sec'y, Bucknell, Pa. The public is assured that this year's exhibition will be the best ever held. A large and spacious grand stand, with private boxes, will ensure the best accomodations for those desiring to witness the track events.

A Meteorological Portend.

Yesterday morning, Wednesday, a heavy sky darkened the air, about 6 o'clock, making it necessary to use lamps in-doors. The western sky had an inky blackness, portentious of trouble—fortunately all passed over us with faint thunder and a mere sprinkle of rain, and in less than an hour the firmament was bright with sunshine. This may teach us that the darkest hours of life may flit over us harmlessly, to be followed by brightest sunshine and that not all life's clouds carry in their folds shrouds and destruction.

Where Doctors Don't Benefit Undertakers.

Centre Hall, although one of the healthiest little towns beneath the sky, boasts of four physicians, with a possible fifth disciple of Aesculapius now entering his last course of lectures at Baltimore. Millheim, Aaronsburg, and Rebersburg, have one doctor each, while Madisonburg, Woodward, Coburn and Pleasant Gap have no doctors and depend upon pills being supplied by outsiders.

As we have only one undertaking establishment, and it not being kept busy, would indicate that our doctors are doing safe work in rescuing their patients from the grave.

Old Tombs.

One of the oldest graves in the valley can be seen in the graveyard at Aaronsburg, where the German Reformed church once stood, the inscription on the tombstone indicates 102 years, and notes the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Duncan, died Feb. 8, 1797, aged 28 years.

She was the first wife of James Duncan, who died October 14, 1843, aged 85 years. In the same lot lie the bodies of his second and third wives.

Stricken With Paralysis.

We regret to learn from Rev. D. M. Wolf, D. D., that the venerable James Evans, of near Spring Mills, had a serious attack of paralysis, at his home on Friday last. His left side is paralized but his mind was unaffected.

Afflicted with Dysentery.

The physicians in town report a prevalence of dysentery in this section and they have a number of cases in attendance. The disease is attributed to the sudden changes of weather, warm days and cold nights. No serious cases are reported.

Recent Union Co. Deaths.

Recent Union county deaths: Near Cowan, Nelson Biddle, aged 61 years. Near Forest Hill, Mrs. Harriet Kline aged 63 years. In Lewisburg, Irene, daughter of Harvey Bartholmew, in her 6th year. At Baxter Springs, Ks., Dr. Charles H. Shreiner, aged 41 years.

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THE SOLDIERS' REUNION.

Preparations for the Annual Meeting on the 16th, at Centre Hall.

The Centre County Veteran Club holds its annual picnic this year at Centre Hall, in Grange Park. Saturday of next week, 16th, is the date for the occasion, and the town on that day will be handed over to the old veterans who went to the front at the country's call when its very foundations were trembling.

Centre Hall is an ideal place for holding the annual reunion, being centrally located and easy of access by train and private vehicle, and with fair weather, there promises to be a tremendous crowd in attendance.

Special trains in addition to the regular will be run, leaving Bellefonte at 10.10 in the morning, and returning leave Centre Hall at 7.00 in the evening for Bellefonte. A special will also be run to Coburn, leaving Centre Hall at 5.30 p. m. The train accommodations are very good.

The committee is completing their program for the day, and there will be entertainment for all. Prominent speakers will be present to deliver addresses in the auditorium.

BARN BURNED.

H. C. Campbell's Barn, With Crops, at Fairbrook, Burned.

The barn of ex-commissioner H. C. Campbell, at Fairbrook, in Ferguson twp., was destroyed by fire on last Friday afternoon about 3:30.

Mr. Campbell's hired man, James Glasgow, occupies the premises. Some of the family was fumigating the hen house by burning tar and it is supposed the fire was caused thereby.

The barn was 45x60, a bank-barn, and was burned to the ground with all this year's crops. No implements or stock were burned. The crops all belonged to the landlord.

There was $900 insurance on the barn and $500 on the crops, in the Centre Hall Company.

Former Aaronsburg Boy Weds

Thursday evening of last week the fine residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Jenkins, at Milton, was the scene of a large and brilliant wedding, the marriage of their daughter Mary Blanche to Mr. Lewis Kurtz Ettinger. The father of the bride for many years has been a leading business man of that town and is one of the proprietors of the Milton Nail Works. The groom for many years has been the trusted foreman of Sheimer's large brass foundry and machine shops, and is a son of Wm. Ettinger, dec'd., formerly of Aaronsburg. About 150 invited guests were present, Washington, Harrisburg, Bellefonte, and other towns, being represented. The ceremony was performed by the Baptist minister of the place. The presents were many and fine, in silver, China and cut-glass ware, etc., valued at $1000. The happy couple received showers of congratulations, and departed on the 8 p. m. train for a ten day's trip to Philadelphia and other cities.

Snyder County's Veteran Hero.

The little Snyder county town of Chapman will have the distinction of sending to the Grand Army encampment at Philadelphia, the man who raised the first American flag over the City of Mexico, nearly fifty-two years ago. Eighty-seven years old, but just as vigorous physically and mentally as a man of twenty, lives there, General E. C. Williams, and the banner which he hauled aloft in Mexico, was the same that Betsy Rose made with her own hands and gave to Washington. He was a member of the Second Pa Regiment in the Mexican War.

Philipsburg's Tenth Boys.

William Hirlinger, Robinson George and Frank Devinney, members of the Tenth Regiment, all of Philipsburg, arrived home on Wednesday of last week and were received most heartily, the fire companies, military and semi-military organizations and societies, with music, being drawn up in line at the station. Thousands of people were present to witness the demonstration. Following the parade a formal reception was held in the public building, where numerous addresses were made.

Schools Opened.

Young America quit the streets on Monday morning, after a four months' vacation, and hied himself to school. He was early and did not wait on the ringing of the bell, for he believes in the aphorism of the early bird getting the rear seat—instead of the worm as in practice lines in copy books. The number in attendance was large, with quite a number yet to come in. 102 pupils were enrolled Monday morning, and under the compulsory school law there are 145 within the legal limit who should attend if the parents are so inclined.

A New Proprietor.

The University Inn at State College, which was run by Peter S. Burrel for the past two years, will in the future be looked after by P. D. Foster, the new proprietor, who took charge on Wednesday of last week.

Cleared a Neat Sum.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church cleared over twenty-five dollars with their ice cream festival on Saturday evening, which was held in W. O. Rearick's store room.

For Ladies.

We take pleasure in placing on sale one of the largest and best selected stocks of Dress Goods ever placed in our store. The buyer made the selections from a firm who own one of the largest Dress Goods Departments in the east Therefore we know that our prices are right and the goods up-to-date. Our stock consists of Plaids, Novelties, Coverts, Sackings, Crepons, Cheviots, Poplins, Serges, etc.

Dress Goods.

Our prices on the All Cotton and Half Wool goods are 5 to 29c. per yard.

Novelties, 35 to 48c. per yard.

All Wool Goods, starting with the 36 in. Sacking at 29c. per yard, and the other goods as high as $1 per yard.

Trimmings.

We not only have the Dress Goods but Silks at 35 to 98c. per yard, and Braids at ¼c. to 7c. per yard, to trim the dresses.

Linings, etc.

The Near Silk at 20c. per yard, and the other necessary linings to line the dresses, and Clark's O. N. T. at 4c. per spoo to sew the goods.

Come and See These Goods. We Will Be Glad to Show Them to You.

We now have the majority of onr Fall and Winter Goods in stock, so that should you soon be wanting anything in that line, we will be in a position to supply your wants out of a large stock.

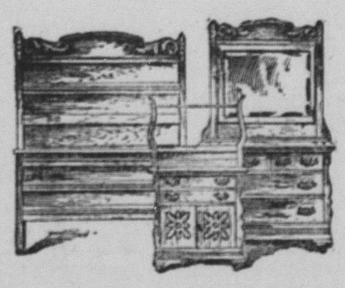
S. M. SWARTZ,

TUSSEYVILLE, - - - - - - PA.

Twenty Chamber Suits.....

Must be Sold...

To make room for Fall trade.



For Cash and Easy Payments.

JOHN SMITH & BRO.,

9-30 Spring Mills.

In Other Counties.

A dog of W. R. Hughes, in Cambria county, went mad and bit some of the stock, of which three cats, one hog and two head of cattle have since died of rabies.

Somerset county had an immense crop of huckleberries. A. C. Floto, of Berlin, purchased from pickers in that vicinity 12,240 buckets of huckleberries, each bucket containing ten quarts, paying seven cents per quart at his store. Other dealers shipped almost an equal amount each. The berries were shipped to Pittsburg.

Down for An Address.

The Isenberg families of Pennsylvania will have a big reunion at Lakemont park, near Altoona, September 21. Rev. S. H. Eisenberg, of this place, will be one of those to deliver addresses.

Is your time valuable? Then save ninety per cent. of it, by using a TELEPHONE.

To All Our Friends and Customers.

We will receive by Friday a new lot of Fancy Percales, Prints, Ginghams and Shirtings, at same price as before.

...Also a new lot of Dress Goods, Fancy Caps and Hats for all. The new styles of Shoes to fit all feet. You will be pleased when you see them. Every corner of the store has something new.

H. F. Rossman,

SPRING MILLS.

Our Patrons

Will find a full line of Groceries, Provisions, Tobaccos, Cigars, and Confectioneries, and special leaders in Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, and Furnishing Goods, at our

Picnic Store, Grange Park,

From Sept. 15 to 22nd. All goods will be sold for cash, and at such prices at this picnic never before knew. Special low rates for goods in quantities.

G. H. LONG,

Spring Mills, - - Pa.

COMING!

..Car Load..

—OF—

Chamber Suits

—AND—

Side Boards

From the Luce Furniture Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.

We are selling off Suits in stock at very low prices to make room for Fall Goods. - - -

W. R. Brachbill,

BELLEFONTE, - - - - - - PA.